

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC स्वीस सरकार विकास सहयोग एसडिसि

SMALL IRRIGATION PROGRAM (SIP)



YEARLY PLAN OF OPERATIONS 2022-23 (2079-80)



Implemented by Local Governments in collaboration with Ministry of Water Supply, Irrigation and Energy, Province 1 and Department of Local Infrastructure representing Ministry of Federal Affairs and General Administration

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Cover Page Photo: Women masons learning the skills from skilled masons in Lamiduwali IP in Ilam Municipality, Ilam | Photo Credit: Keshab Lama

ABBREVIATIONS

ADCs : Agriculture Development Committees

APIS : Agriculture Price Information System

CCS : Crop Cut Survey

CHF : Swiss Franc

DAG : Disadvantaged Groups

DoLI : Department of Local Infrastructure

FG : Federal Government

FMIS : Farmer Managed Irrigation Systems

FY : FY

GoN : Government of Nepal

ha : Hectare

IDEMS : Infrastructure Development and Environmental Management Sections

IED : Irrigation and Energy Division

LG : Local Government

LGOA : Local Government Operations Act

LMBIS : Line Ministry Budget Information System

MIS : Management Information System

MDP : Market Development Potential

MoFAGA : Ministry of Federal Affairs and General Administration

MoWSIE : Ministry of Water Supply, Irrigation and Energy Development

NAMDP : Nepal Agriculture Market Development Programme

NPR : Nepalese Rupee(s)

O&M : Operation and Maintenance

PCC : Project Coordination Committee

PG: Province Government
PG1: Province 1 Government

PLMBIS : Provincial Line Ministry Budget Information System

PPR : Project Preparation Report

PMISC : Programme Management and Implementation Support Consultants

PSC : Public Service Commissions

SDC : Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation

WRIDD : Water Resources and Irrigation Development Division

WUA : Water Users' Association

1. Executive Summary

Small Irrigation Programme- Phase II (SIP-II) is implemented by the Government of Nepal in collaboration with the Government of Switzerland and is built upon the experience of implementing SIP, Phase I. SIP-II aims to provide year-round irrigation ¹ to 20,000 hectares in about 1,300 small scale irrigation systems through community driven process benefiting 65,000 farmer households. The programme will cover Local Governments (LGs) of mid hills in Province 1. The expected impact of the programme is to reduce the poverty of small farmers especially from the disadvantaged groups (DAGs) by increasing their agricultural income.

SIP-II is being implemented by LGs as the mandate to implement small irrigation programs lies with rural municipalities and municipalities as per the Constitution of Nepal, 2015. LGs have the overall responsibility for planning, management and implementation of the program and each LG appointed technical personnel as a focal person for the same. At the Province level, Province 1 Government (PG1) through Irrigation and Energy Division (IED) representing Ministry of Water Supply, Irrigation and Energy (MoWSIE) has the overall responsibility of planning, coordination and budgeting/budget transfers to LGs.

60% LGs (35) will adapt and endorse the guideline on one window system for identification, budgeting, implementation, monitoring and support of small irrigation shared by PG1 through their council meeting during FY 2022-23. It is expected that 100% schemes will receive at least one visit of a rural advisory services provider during the production cycle.

Area under year-round irrigation will increase by 16% in program LGs. This refers to 9,377 ha out of the phase target of 20,000 ha that will be irrigated with the implementation of around 438 irrigation schemes during the third year of SIP-II. Among the 438 schemes, around 98 schemes covering 3,160 ha is expected to be carried over from FY 2021-22 while 340 schemes covering 6,217 will be new. The survey and PPR of 300 schemes covering 4,781 ha of command area for the last FY, i.e., 2023-24 will be completed during this FY. The PPRs are expected to be completed before the LMBIS and PLMBIS entry. This will meet the 20,000-ha targeted command area.

21,267 small farmers² especially from DAGs will benefit from year-round and increased irrigation water by managing and maintaining 438 irrigation schemes during FY 2022-23. Among the beneficiary households, 40% will be from disadvantaged groups, while 70% will have landholding of less than 0.5 ha.

With efficient utilization of irrigation water, crop yield of major irrigated food crops (rice, wheat and maize) and cropping intensity are expected to increase by 30% each. To record the impact on crop yields in the command area, a crop cut survey (CCS) will be conducted. Similarly, the production of winter vegetable and other high value crops is expected to increase by a minimum of 50% above the current total production in SIP schemes. CCS for winter vegetables and other high value crops which have been identified as potato, cauliflower/cabbage, tomato, green peas will be conducted.

90% irrigation schemes built or rehabilitated under the program are expected to function well after 3 years of completion. For this FY, short term monitoring survey in 32 completed schemes in FY 2020-21 will be conducted to assess the physical status of irrigation systems in April 2023.

At least 80% of WUAs will establish a fund for Operation and Maintenance (O&M) and major repairs, through equitable collection of water service fees. Further, WUAs will also collect 1%

¹ The Irrigation Master Plan 1990 defines a year-round as an irrigation system that can irrigate 95% of its net command area in the monsoon season, 80% in the winter season, and 35% the spring season resulting in the irrigated cropping intensity to 210% and SIP follows the same definition.

² Small farmers or small land holding farmers are those farmers who have cultivable command area (CCA) of less than 0.5 hectares (10 Ropani).

of the total construction cost as upfront cash contribution for O&M during the signing of agreement with the LGs.

50% of WUA will contract at least one input provider for seeds, fertiliser or construction and maintenance materials. Similarly, 50% WUAs will establish contracts and/or any form or written documentation (forward contracts, sale contracts) with traders or wholesalers during FY 2022-23.

The construction or rehabilitation of schemes is expected to generate 415,000 person-days of employment. Priority will be given to women and DAGs during construction work. WUAs are expected to equitably contribute at least 10% of the project construction cost which amounts to NPR 206,827,400 (CHF 1,798,500).

The proposed programme budget for FY 2022-23 amounts to NPR 2,212,422,236.00 (CHF 19,238,454) out of which NPR 2,068,273,986 (CHF 17,984,991) is allocated for civil works. The budget contribution proportion for civil works is 10%, 20%, 20%, 20% and 30% for WUA, LG, PG, FG and SDC respectively. Further, NPR 2,2931,000 (CHF 199,400) has been proposed for capacity building, training and workshops for WUA, LGs and PG1 while NPR 118,112,250 (CHF 1,027,063) has been allocated for programme management and implementation support. NPR 3,105,000 (CHF 27,000) has been proposed for machinery and equipment and recurrent cost.

Through a funds flow analysis, it is estimated that 22.13% of the programme funds will be allocated to discriminated groups and 77.87% to non-discriminated groups. From a cluster perspective, 99.44% of the programme funds will be allocated to Province 1 and 0.56% of the funds to others and national level. Regarding fund beneficiaries, 94.26% is targeted for attributable fund and 5.74% for general and common costs.

2. Outcome Monitoring Summary FY 2022-23 (2079-80)

S.N.	Phase Target (July 2020– December 2024)	Expected Results FY 2022-23	Comments		
1.1	100% LGs have established a one window system for identification/ budgeting/ implementation/ monitoring/ support of irrigation schemes	60% LGs (35) will adapt and endorse the guideline on one window system for identification, budgeting, implementation, monitoring and support of small irrigation shared by PG1 through their council meeting	Currently 58 LGs are implementing SIP		
1.2	35% (20,000 hectares) increase in additional area under year-round irrigation in participating LGs (baseline 56,893 hectares)	16% (9,377 ha) increase in area under year- round irrigation in participating LGs	340 new schemes covering 6,217 ha or command area will be implemented while 98 schemes covering 3,160 ha is expected to be carried over from FY 2021-22		
1.3	100% schemes have received at least one visit of a rural advisory services provider during the production cycle (Baseline# 15%)	100% schemes will receive at least one visit of a rural advisory services provider during the production cycle			
Outcor	ne 2: Small farmers especially from DAGs inc	rease agricultural productivity			
2.1	65'000 HHs benefited from year-round and increased irrigation water	21,267 HHs will benefit from year-round and increased irrigation water			
2.1.1	40% beneficiaries are from DAGs	40% (8,507) beneficiaries are from DAGs			
2.1.2	70% of the program beneficiaries have a (In SIP command area) landholding of less than 0.5 ha.	70% (14,887) of the program beneficiaries have a (In SIP command area) landholding of less than 0.5 ha			
2.2	30% increase in the yields of major irrigated food crops (Rice, Wheat and Maize) in SIP command area	Yields of major irrigated food crops (rice, wheat and maize) in sample schemes completed during last FY will increase by 30%			

2.3	30% increase in cropping intensity in SIP command area (baseline: 160% target 208%)	Cropping intensity in sample schemes completed during last FY will increase by 30%	
2.4	Winter vegetable production and other high value crops increases by a minimum of 50% (by volume) above the current total production in SIP schemes	Winter vegetable production and other high value crops will increase by a minimum of 50% (by volume) in schemes completed during last FY	
2.5	90% irrigation schemes built or rehabilitated under the program are functioning well after 3 years of completion (Baseline # 93%)	90% irrigation schemes built or rehabilitated under the program are functioning well after 3 years of completion	Short term monitoring survey will be conducted in 32 schemes completed in FY 2020-21
2.6	At least 80% of WUAs establish a fund for Operation & Maintenance and major repairs, through the equitable collection of water service fees	At least 80% of WUAs establish a fund for O&M and major repairs, through the equitable collection of water service fees	
Outcon	ne 3: Market actors offer innovative supports	and products to farmers in irrigated scheme	es
3.1	50% of WUA that have contracted at least one input provider in the last 12 months (Baseline 0%)	50% of WUAs identified with market development potential will contract at least one input provider	
3.2	50% of SIP schemes that have established contracts with traders or wholesalers to buy their crops (Baseline 0%)	50% of WUAs identified with market development potential will establish contracts with traders or wholesalers to buy their crops	
3.3	70% of beneficiary farmers sell part of their irrigated agriculture production directly to the market (Baseline will be established as the schemes are selected)	This indicator will be measured through an end line survey which will be conducted in the fourth year, i.e., FY 2023-24	44.7% of the sampled beneficiary households sold part of their irrigated agriculture production directly to the market according to the baseline study conducted in FY 2021-22

3. Basic Information

The Programme

SIP-II is implemented by the Government of Nepal (GoN) in collaboration with the Government of Switzerland and is built upon the experience of implementing SIP, Phase I. The programme will cover Local Governments (LGs) of mid hills in Province 1. It will provide year-round irrigation to 20,000 hectares in about 1,300 small scale irrigation systems through community driven process benefiting 65,000 farmer households.

The expected impact of the programme is to reduce the poverty of small farmers especially from the disadvantaged groups by increasing their agricultural income. This will be achieved through three outcomes: (i) local Governments respond effectively to needs of small farmers for irrigated agriculture; (ii) small farmers especially disadvantaged groups (DAGs) increase agricultural productivity and (iii) market actors offer innovative supports and products to farmers in irrigated schemes.

The main approach of the programme is to consolidate the positive results in development of irrigation infrastructure, and further refine scheme design to condition these schemes for dry season irrigation of high value crops, and thus create enabling conditions for the introduction of commercialized agriculture. LGs shall actively support the introduction of improved agriculture practices with a focus on the production of high value cash crops as well as ensuring a conducive environment for the development of the private sector exist and facilitate the linkage between the input and output markets with the farmers.

Socio Political

The state restructuring and transfer of power to newly instituted structures have been an important aspect of federalism in Nepal. Nepal successfully conducted the second local elections in May 2022 since the promulgation of the Constitution in 2015 and transition to federalism. In municipalities, 586 mayors and deputy mayors, and in rural municipalities, 920 chairs and vice chairs were elected and for 6,743 wards, as many chairpersons and 33,715 office bearers were elected³. This second election also provided an opportunity for local participation in government, especially for over three million Nepali youth who were eligible to participate in their first election⁴.

While the first term of the locally elected representatives set a new course towards responsive and effective governance, much of their term was focused on building a system which has been new to all, as well as setting the legal frameworks to undertake their basic functions of delivering public services. With the course set by the first term, it is expected that the government will become more organized and efficiently deliver public services. However, their capacity of service delivery remains challenging due to inadequate human resource.

As Nepal continues to struggle with the long-term effects of the CoVID-19 pandemic which is expected to remain for the next two-three years along with deepening poverty and damaged economy, effective governance will be of utmost importance.

While human resources at both Provinces and LGs have remained inadequate, it is expected that the approval of the Federal Civil Service Act (ordinance) which has been tabled in the Parliament will pave way for PGs and LGs to recruit their own employees through the Provincial Public Service Commission (PPSC).

The inflated market prices due to the change in global political scenario impacted the construction works as materials prices increased drastically. Many projects were delayed

³HTTPS://TKPO.ST/3M9SUMV

⁴ https://www.ifes.org/fags/elections-nepal-2022-local-elections

since the farmers were reluctant to continue construction works due to the increase in material prices.

This YPO has been prepared with the underlying assumption that huge price inflation will be decreased. Further, as the Government is preparing for the Federal and Provincial elections in December 2022, minor delays in programme implementation are expected. Hence, changes in the political and social stability may have a negative effect to some extent on achieving the programme targets and outputs set for this FY (FY).

Programme Context

The mandate to implement small irrigation programs lies with rural municipalities and municipalities as small irrigation is one of the exclusive rights of the LGs as per the Constitution of Nepal, 2015 (Schedule 8). Adhering to this mandate, SIP continues to be implemented by LGs.

A bi-lateral agreement was signed between the GoN and the Government of Switzerland on 26th June, 2020 for the implementation of SIP-II from 1st July, 2020 till 31st December, 2024. At the federal level, on behalf of GoN, Ministry of Federal Affairs and General Administration (MoFAGA) extends the necessary guidance and support to the programme and ensures collaboration with Province 1 Government (PG1) and LGs through Department of Local Infrastructure (DoLI). On behalf of MoFAGA, DoLI coordinates and manages budget transfers to local levels. GON recently announced that DoLI will be dissolved. The implication of this change in SIP's institutional arrangement is expected to be discussed in next Program Advisory Committee (PAC) meeting and the institutional arrangement will be amended as necessary.

At the Province level, PG1 through Irrigation and Energy Division (IED) representing Ministry of Water Supply, Irrigation and Energy (MoWSIE) has the responsibility to manage planning, coordination and budgeting/budget transfers to LGs.

Program Management Implementation and Support Consultants (PMISC) representing the Technical Assistance (TA) provider has the responsibility of assisting the Programme Coordination Unit (PCU) at IED to support in overall implementation of the project, prepare for the conditional grant to LGs, draft an umbrella one window policy for small irrigation, in anchoring Management Information System (MIS) and establishing an agricultural price information system. A memorandum of understanding (MoU) between MoPID (now MoWSIE), PG1 and PMISC was signed on July 27th, 2020 for the same.

At the local level, LGs with their Infrastructure Development Environment Management Section (IDEMS) have the overall responsibility for planning, management and implementation of the program. SIP II will continue its bottom-up approach as per the spirit of Local Government Operations Act (LGOA) 2074. MoUs have been signed between PMISC and all of the 58 working LGs for the implementation of SIP-II. The orientation for newly elected representatives on SIP programme will be conducted in the first quarter of the FY which will help them to better understand the modality of SIP implementation.

The geographical coverage of SIP II could be up to 60 LGs in the mid-hills of Province 1 as per the Project Document including the current 58 working LGs. This is also in alignment with the Swiss Country Strategy 2018-2022 which states that 'the geographical concentration of the Swiss program will gradually move towards the newly established Province 1 in the east of the country'. SIP will communicate and coordinate with LGs where SIP can be implemented during FY 2079-80. This will be explored from eight LGs where SIP is not implemented as shown in the Annex I.

4. Expected Outcomes

Outcome 1: Local Governments (LGs) respond effectively to the needs of small farmers for irrigated agriculture

60% LGs will adapt and endorse the guideline on one window system for identification, budgeting, implementation, monitoring and support of small irrigation shared by PG1 through their council. Currently, SIP is implemented in 58 LGs and during this FY, small irrigation guideline will be endorsed by 35 LGs.

A draft guideline on one window system for identification, budgeting, implementation, monitoring and post-construction support of small irrigation is expected to be shared by PG1 to 58 LGs by the end of FY 2021-22. Through a one window approach, a variety of services will be provided to Farmer Managed Irrigation Systems (FMIS) including construction or rehabilitation of irrigation facilities, pro-active support for development of irrigated agriculture and facilitate the development or expansion of agriculture value chains. It will also require the building up and maintenance of comprehensive inventories of irrigations schemes in the LGs.

Area under year-round irrigation will increase by 16% in program LGs. This refers to 9,377 ha out of the phase target of 20,000 ha that will be irrigated with the implementation of 438 irrigation schemes during the third year of SIP-II. Among 438 schemes, 98 schemes covering 3,160 ha is expected to be carried over from FY 2021-22 while 340 schemes covering 6,217 will be new.

100% schemes will receive at least one visit of a rural advisory services provider during the production cycle. Rural advisory services⁵, also called agriculture extension, are all the different activities – from public or private service providers - that provide the information and services needed and demanded by farmers and other actors in rural settings to assist them in developing their own technical, organizational, and management skills and practices so as to improve their livelihoods and well- being. For this, advisory assistance to link private service providers with LGs for delivery of extension services to the WUA will be provided with support from Nepal Agriculture Market Development Program (NAMDP).

An agriculture implementation guideline has been prepared which will provide a framework on carrying out the agriculture related activities to meet the outputs/outcomes related to agriculture. This guideline includes step-wise process, from agriculture planning to implementation of the plan at Water Users Association (WUA) and LG level in SIP schemes to increase productivity & production. The capacity building of Local Agriculture Resource Persons (LARPs) through Training of Trainers (ToT) on commercial agriculture and training for JT/JTA have also been planned during this FY.

Outcome 2: Small farmers especially from DAGs increase agricultural productivity

21,267 small farmers especially from DAGs will benefit from year-round and increased irrigation water by managing and maintaining around 438 irrigation schemes. Among the beneficiary households, 40% will be from disadvantaged groups, while 70% will have landholding (in SIP command area) of less than 0.5 ha.

With efficient utilization of irrigation water, crop yield of major irrigated food crops (rice, wheat and maize) and cropping intensity are expected to increase by 30% each. Similarly, on an average, cropping intensity in schemes completed during FY 2020-21 and FY 2021-22 is expected to increase by 30%.

To record the impact on crop yields in the command area, a crop cut survey (CCS) will be conducted. CCS for monsoon paddy has been planned during the months of November-December, 2022 while survey for wheat and maize has been planned during March-April 2023 and July 2023 respectively.

Similarly, production of winter vegetable and other high value crops is expected to increase by a minimum of 50% above the current total production in SIP schemes. During FY 2022-23, CCS in schemes completed in FY 2020-21 and FY 2021-22 will be conducted for winter

⁵ Christoplos, I (2010) Danish Institute for International Mobilizing the potential of rural and agricultural extension http://www.fao.org/3/i1444e/i1444e.pdf

vegetables and other high value crops which have been identified as potato, cauliflower/cabbage, tomato, green peas.

90% irrigation schemes built or rehabilitated under the program are expected to function well after 3 years of completion. For this FY, short term monitoring survey in 32 completed in FY 2020-21 will be conducted to assess the physical status of irrigation systems in April 2023.

At least 80% of WUAs will establish a fund for Operation and Maintenance (O&M) and major repairs, through equitable collection of water service fees. Further, WUAs will also collect 1% of the total construction cost as upfront cash contribution for O&M during the signing of agreement with the LGs.

Outcome 3: Market actors offer innovative supports and products to farmers in irrigated schemes

50% of WUA will have contracted at least one input provider for seeds, fertiliser or construction and maintenance materials. Similarly, 50% WUAs will have established contracts and/or any form or written documentation (forward contracts, sale contracts) with traders or wholesalers during FY 2022-23.

In a joint collaboration with NAMDP, WUAs with market development potential (MDPs) will be identified. Out of the total schemes taken up for implementation till last FY, i.e., 440 schemes, MDP criteria has been applied in 224 schemes. A total of 85 schemes have been deemed potential for market development and criteria in the remaining 216 WUA will be applied by the end of this FY. During this FY, MDPs will be applied in the proposed 340 new schemes for market related activities.

Similarly, the market actors identified through a market actors mapping study along the Mechi, Koshi and Sagarmatha where SIP working LGs fall under will be connected with the WUAs through series of multi-stakeholder and business to business (B2B) meetings for partnership. A total of 129 retailers, 52 wholesalers, 47 local collectors, 29 agro-vets and 6 processors and exporters were identified along the three corridors. Through multi-stakeholder meetings, WUAs will be connected with the identified market actors.

The objective of multi-stakeholder meeting is to introduce different levels of actors working in the vegetable sector, establish common understanding among actors on constraints to sector growth and to agree upon a collective action plan to address those constraints. These meetings also served as an opportunity for traders and farmers to conduct business to business meetings (B2B).

Cross-cutting themes on Gender Equality and Social Inclusion (GESI)

GESI will be operationalised through a gender action plan. The action plan aims to institute greater gender balance in community leadership through the increased and more effective representation of women in water users' committees. It contains specific targets for participation of women and the discriminated groups.

It will be required to promote women and/or a representative of discriminated groups in key leadership positions (chair, secretary, and treasurer) in the WUAs and to provide technical and leadership training to them for their meaningful participation in decision-making. The agriculture development committees (ADCs) will ensure that the need and priorities of women farmers are addressed and 40% of the farmer group members trained will be women farmers. Equal access to agriculture extension services and equipment will be ensured in the WUA norms for female-headed households.

The programme will further ensure that agreements with WUAs on payable works will include specific provisions requiring the WUAs to comply with,

(i) applicable labour laws and core labour standards;

- (ii) prohibition of child labour as defined in national legislation for construction and maintenance activities;
- (iii) equal pay for equal work of equal value regardless of gender, ethnicity or caste, and
- (iv) elimination of forced labour.

At the program management level, PMISC adopts the Work Force Diversity Policy.

5. Expected Outputs

Outcome 1: Outputs

Provincial Government strengthens its capacity to support Local Governments

PG1 will establish and publish norms, standards, strategies and policies for small irrigation officially. The national survey and construction norms, specifications and standards/manuals on small irrigation were compiled from national documents during last FY.

All responsible Federal (DoLI/MoFAGA) /Provincial Government (MoWSIE) agencies are expected to enter the program list in Line Ministry Budget Information System (LMBIS) and Province LMBIS respectively so as to arrange to send program budget to the LGs by the end of August. As mentioned earlier, during this FY a draft guideline on one window system for identification, budgeting, implementation, monitoring and post-construction support of small irrigation will be available in all 58 LGs.

An internet-based MIS and automated project preparation system will continue to be in operation during this FY. The overall target for the phase is for all LGs have access to the MIS and project preparation system which will be owned and maintained by the PG.

A learning event on innovations and experiences in the development of small-scale irrigation will be organized in coordination with MoWSIE/PG1 on National Irrigation Day with participation from working LGs, Federal and Provincial irrigation agencies as well as other relevant stakeholders working in the small irrigation sector.

LGs strengthen their legislative and executive capacity for implementing small irrigation schemes

35 LGs will endorse the small irrigation guideline, a draft of which will be shared by PG1. In accordance to the LGoA 2074, all LG Councils will select irrigation schemes for implementation for FY 2023-24 through a demand driven process.

Each LG will continue to appoint technical personnel, either a sub-engineer or engineer as a focal person for the planning, designing, construction supervision and post construction support for SIP-II.

As part of strengthening their executive capacity, LGs (in all schemes) are expected to prepare and approve the bills within three weeks of the start of the measurement of construction works as well as ensure that all bills are paid within 30 days from the date of recommendation for payment by LG support units.

LGs build their capacity to provide support to the farmers in irrigated agriculture development

80% ADCs or a committee formed for same purpose will meet at-least twice every year for SIP related activities. The LGoA, 2074 and Local Level Annual Planning and Budgeting Guideline, 2074 provisions for sectoral committees to be formed and agriculture as such has been classified under economic development. Field reflections have shown that LGs have either formed a separate ADC or have been working through the Economic Development Committee for agriculture related activities.

It is expected that 80% of ADCs or similar committees for the purpose of the same will recommend the selection of irrigation schemes for funding in annual budget to the LG councils

as well as include and assign priority for the agriculture extension and input support for the selected SIP irrigation schemes. Based on this, it is further expected that 80% LGs will provide agriculture extension support and facilitate the provision of agriculture inputs for SIP projects.

80% of the LG will resolve any contractual complaints raised by contracting partners (LGs and WUA) related to irrigation schemes in a satisfactory manner. A format to record such complaints has been prepared during last FY.

Outcome 2: Outputs

Small farmers organize themselves inclusively in Water User Associations

All WUA committees will have representation from head, middle and tail of irrigation system and 40% WUA committee members will be women, with at least 1 woman or a representative of a discriminated group in a leadership position.

100% WUAs will practice public hearing after project preparation to disseminate information on total cost, design and estimates, envisaged equitable cost sharing by the beneficiaries and the social principle of the project. Similarly, all WUAs will conduct public review during project implementation, while public audit will be conducted once construction is completed. All WUAs will place a hoarding board at a visible location in the scheme site.

Water User Associations (WUAs) build and/or rehabilitate small irrigation systems equitably

438 irrigation schemes covering 9,377 ha will be taken up for construction or rehabilitation during FY 2022-23. 340 new schemes will be taken up for implementation for which detailed survey was completed and PPR are in progress and is planned for completion by September 2022. 98 schemes covering 3,160 ha are expected to be carried over from FY 2021-22 and is expected to be completed by December 2022.

Table 1: Schemes to be implemented in FY 2022-23

Schemes carried over from FY 2021-22		New schemes implemented in FY 2022-23		Total schemes impl	Survey and Design for FY 2023-24		
Nos.	Ha.	Nos.	Ha.	Nos.	Ha.	Nos.	Ha.
98	3,160	340	6,217	438	9,377	300	4,781

The construction or rehabilitation of schemes is expected to generate 415,000 person-days of employment. Priority will be given to women and DAGs during construction work. WUAs are expected to equitably contribute at least 10% of the project construction cost which amounts to NPR 206,827,400 (CHF 1,798,500).

The survey and PPR of 300 schemes covering 4,781 ha of command area for the last FY, i.e., 2023-24 will be completed during this FY. The PPRs are expected to be completed before the LMBIS and PLMBIS entry. This will meet the 20,000-ha targeted command area including progress of previous year command area.

List of programs for FY 2022-23 has been presented in Annex-IX.

WUA operate and maintain irrigation systems equitably

100% WUA will receive training for O&M which will focus on formulation of O&M bylaws and plans, crop plan, water operational schedule and O&M fund collection and utilization plan during post construction. All WUAs will prepare plans and cost estimate for recurrent system maintenance. 80% WUAs will also prepare and implement plans for equitable and timely water distribution.

While O&M training for 32 schemes completed in FY 2020-21 will be completed by the end of FY 2021-22, training for 310 schemes expected to be completed in FY 2021-22 will be conducted in FY 2022-23.

Farmers access agriculture extension services from LGs

80% schemes will receive training on integrated crop and water management as part of the O&M training, including the operation of the distribution system and on farm storage facilities. These trainings will be conducted based upon the training manual developed by SIP-II for both ICWM training and O&M training.

100% of SIP supported schemes will receive a visit from a LG Junior Technical Assistants (JT/JTA) in agriculture at-least once before construction begins where they are expected to support the WUAs in identifying potential and needs of the particular scheme. The monitoring format prepared during last FY will be used by JT/JTAs for this purpose. SIP will capacitate the JT/JTAs on how to use the monitoring format.

80% farmers in SIP schemes will have contact numbers of LG ward chairs, JT/JTAs, nearby agro-vet providers and this will be maintained in the project book provided to WUAs.

Water User Associations plan the production in their FMIS based on commercial opportunities

20% WUAs supported by the project are expected to plan their irrigated commercial crops based on reliable information on market demand and are also expected to receive production advice from JT/JTAs and private service providers based on market demand. WUAs will be provided commercial agriculture and post-harvest management training which will include production, marketing and financial planning. Local Resource Persons (LRPs) will be trained on commercial agriculture, post-harvest management training and LRPs will train the potential WUAs on the same. The detailed plan has been documented in the joint work plan collaborative activities between SIP and NAMDP.

Market actors on commercial agriculture were identified through market actors mapping survey in FY 2021-22 and the contact information of traders and buyers, whole-sellers and retailers of agriculture products, agri-insurers will be shared with potential WUAs.

Outcome 3: Outputs

Input service providers provide maintenance, production advice or embedded services to FMIS

Input service providers, to provide maintenance, production advice or embedded services to FMIS in each of the working LGs will be identified and mapped during this FY.

Traders and retailers establish contacts with WUA members

40% WUAs will report ongoing discussions with traders and buyers. These discussions could be part of the multi stakeholder meetings and/ or other B2B meetings.

An agriculture price information system (APIS) currently being developed and will come into operation during this FY. APIS is the method of generating information on time to assist farmers to take appropriate decisions for selling their agriculture produces at appropriate time and fair price. Based on this information, farmers, traders, government officials, consumers and concerned stakeholders can perform their activities effectively and efficiently, boosting competitive agriculture produce market. One of the expected outcomes of market price information system at the level of farmers is forecasting the future demand and price based on previous period's price to guide them on their production planning. APIS will be anchored at the Ministry of Agriculture (MoA), PG1 and development of the system is expected to be completed by June 2022.

6. Project Management and Financial Resources

Budget for FY 2022-23

The proposed programme budget for FY 2022-23 amounts to NPR 2,212,422,236.00 (CHF 19,238,454) out of which NPR 2,068,273,986 (CHF 17,984,991) is allocated for civil works. The budget contribution proportion for civil works is 10%, 20%, 20%, 20% and 30% for WUA, LG, PG, FG and SDC respectively. For detailed budget allocation refer to Table 2.

Table 2: Summary of detailed budget of SIP for FY 2022-23 (FY 2079-80)

Particulars	Total	Federal Government (FG)	Province Government (PG)	Local Government (LG)	SDC	Farmers (WUA)
Civil works (Total 500 schemes)	2,068,273,986	413,654,797	413,654,797	413,654,797	620,482,196	206,827,399
Carried Over from FY 2078-79 (160 Schemes)	431,463,646	86,292,729	86,292,729	86,292,729	129,439,094	43,146,365
New FY 2079-80 (340 Schemes)	1,636,810,340	327,362,068	327,362,068	327,362,068	491,043,102	163,681,034
Civil works weightage-%	100.00%	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	30.00%	10.00%
Technical Assistance (100% SDC)	118,112,250				118,112,250	
Machinery and Equipment (100% SDC)	805,000				805,000	
WUA Training, DoLl/ Provincial/Local Government Strengthening (100% SDC)	22,931,000				22,931,000	
Recurrent Cost (100% FG)	2,300,000	2,300,000				·
Total Budget	2,212,422,236	415,954,797	413,654,797	413,654,797	762,330,446	206,827,399
Overall Weightage %	100.00%	18.80%	18.70%	18.70%	34.46%	9.35%

Further, NPR 2,2931,000 (CHF 199,400) has been proposed for capacity building, training and workshops for WUA, LGs and PG1 while NPR 118,112,250 (CHF 1,027,063) has been allocated for programme management and implementation support. NPR 3,105,000 (CHF 27,000) has been proposed for machinery and equipment and recurrent cost.

Funds Flow Analysis

Budget provisions in the fund flow analysis are consistent with the budgeted amounts in the programme budget for this FY. The geographic allocations are based on the budget provisions at national, international and province level. These allocations can be summarized as follows: province 99.41%, national 0.32% and 0.27% at international level.

From discrimination perspective, discriminated groups will benefit from employment opportunities from consultancy services, WUA training and LG's skills development and especially from employment generated by civil works for irrigation rehabilitation and/or construction. In construction works, preference for employment will be given to DAGs and women. It is estimated that 22.13% of the programme funds will be allocated to discriminated groups and 77.87% to non-discriminated groups. The reason for a higher allocation to non-discriminated groups is because 93.5% of the total program budget is allocated for civil works for which more than 70% of the expenses is for construction materials. From a cluster perspective, 99.44% of the programme funds will be allocated to Province 1 and 0.56% of the funds to others and national level.

Regarding fund beneficiaries, 94.26% is targeted for attributable fund and 5.74% for general and common costs. The attribution of costs is categorized as, attributable and general & common costs. Attributable costs are incurred for directly benefiting the target groups and general & common costs are not incurred for directly benefiting any beneficiary.

Program Management

The arrangements and responsibilities for project management and implementation has been spread over the three spheres of the government. DoLI represented by MoFAGA is the focal unit and a Programme Advisory Committee, an advisory body of SIP II for inter-ministerial coordination exists at federal level. A meeting for the same has been planned before the end of FY 2021-22. GoN recently announced that DoLI has been dissolved and the implications of this change in SIP institutional arrangement will be discussed in next PAC meeting.

The PG1 MoWSIE represented by Irrigation and Energy Division (IED) is the coordinating agency and a Programme Coordination Committee (PCC) to provide policy support and strategic guidance to the programme exists at the Provincial level. PCC will make compilation of YPOs, annual progress reports, make key decisions on the provincial budget for the project, address policy issues, review/assess overall implementation and facilitate coordination with LGs. PCC meeting has been planned for June 2022.

LGs are the implementing agencies and have the overall responsibility for project implementation including coordination among all agencies involved. Project Implementation Committee (PIC) exists at each LG for project execution and its major responsibility is to review and assess progress and resolve implementation issues at local level.

PMISC representing the TA provider will continue supporting the project implementation. PMISC is based in Biratnagar with five cluster offices with bases in Dhankuta Bazar (for Bhojpur, Dhankuta and Terhathum), Fikkal (for Ilam and Panchthar), Diktel (Khotang), Okhaldhunga Bazar (Okhaldhunga) and Gaighat (Udayapur). Project staff will continue to be stationed in all working LGs where SIP is implemented as focal person to support them in project management and implementation.

7. Lessons learnt

The lessons learnt during the implementation of SIP-II activities in last two fiscal years have been described as below which will be helpful in implementation of SIP activities in remaining fiscal years.

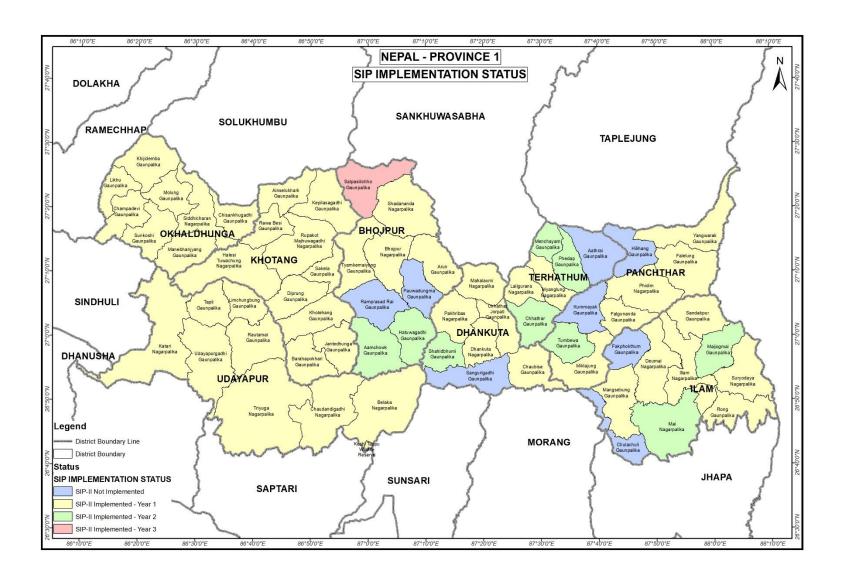
- SIP has been coordinating with respective Water Resources and Irrigation Development Divisions (WRIDD) through each LG in eight districts to ensure that there is no duplication of schemes for the FY 2022-23. PG1 has also circulated a letter to all WRIDD to verify the duplication of WRIDD supported schemes with the schemes proposed under SIP for FY 2022-23 which helped the programme to ensure that no duplication has occurred in the programme list. Such coordination will be continued in the upcoming FYs as well.
- Despite delays due to local elections, budget planning and preparation for FY 2022-23 was completed successfully and program list was entered in the LMBIS and PLMBIS. One of the lessons learnt from previous FY is that due to delay in finalization of PPRs, implementation process was considerably delayed. PMISC team will closely follow up with LGs for the update and release of new rates for the FY which would be helpful to update the PPR and revise the budget if necessary. Further, PMISC will complete the PPRs for FY 80-81 before the endorsement of YPO in the PCC meeting so as to enter the program list and budget in PLMBIS and LMBIS. Completion of PPR on time will ensure that the construction works will start as soon as agreements between LGs and WUAs are signed.
- Reporting on financial progress (civil works) on monthly basis to PG1 and DoLI remained challenging due to the unavailability of actual expense details from LGs. In the absence of actual statement of expenditures from LGs, the practice has been to report financial progress on the basis of bills prepared by LGs. Although LGs have committed to sharing the monthly expense reports to PG1 and DoLI with a copy to PMISC as per the MoU signed between PMISC and LG, implementation of the same has been challenging. The issue will be discussed during the program orientation for the newly elected representatives and a mechanism to report actual expenses will be established. In addition, one of the major concerns for FG and PG1 has been the lack of financial analysis. An analysis on the trend of budget expenses on a quarterly basis as well as against the total expenditure and allocated budget will also be initiated from next FY. Such analysis would be helpful in budget planning and reporting.
- More than 40 schemes were damaged due to floods and landslides induced by rainfall in October, 2021 among which twenty-five had severe damages, resulting in re-designing of the schemes, which further led to delay in implementation. The measures adopted to

mitigate these risks from floods and landslides were bio-engineering protection works and river training works. It remained as great learning that safety measures to these disaster risk reduction actions incorporated in the design and their implementation would be a milestone to address the associated risks on time. Community awareness on disaster risk reduction activities would be helpful to cope with disaster induced negative impacts in future and hence SIP will ensure to incorporate these action items in the design and training packages for the next fiscal year. While the O&M fund established by the WUAs are being utilized to cover minor damages, for large scale damages, LGs should be accountable to ensure the long-term sustainability of all irrigation schemes. The small irrigation guideline which is expected to be endorsed by LGs in the next FY will also cover the maintenance of large-scale damages.

- SIP-II remained as exemplary project in PG1 in terms of inclusion and participation of women in both the WUA and construction activities through affirmative action set in the project design such as compulsory representation of one woman in vital post of WUA, minimum 40% women in WUA members and promotion to women in local employment and so on. However, whether women's participation has been meaningful or mere representation remains unexplored. The study on women's meaningful participation which is expected to be completed within this fiscal year will shed light on the outcomes of the participation in their public and private spheres. Further, the study will also propose three workable recommendations for the meaningful participation of women in WUAs.
- In relation to agriculture component of SIP-II, one of the major learning during last two FYs has been the inadequate support on agricultural extension services to farmers from LGs as human resource still remains insufficient. Without adequate rural advisory services, farmers' full potential to increase agriculture production cannot be achieved which in turn reduces the possibility of market linkages. This will have serious implication for the programme to achieve its goal of reducing poverty of small land holding farmers mainly DAGs by increasing their agriculture income. During the next FY, SIP will collaborate with LGs to build the capacity of the JT/JTAs as well identify Local Agriculture Resource Person (LARP) to deliver effective services to farmers. Further, SIP will continue to ensure that irrigation schemes rehabilitated through SIP also receive support in agriculture services through LG's planning process for which the planned ADC meetings would be helpful. The coordination with Agriculture Knowledge Center (AKC) through Ministry of Agriculture (MoA) and other input service providers through NAMDP has resulted in farmers benefiting from extension services to increase agriculture production.

ANNEXES

Annex I: Map of SIP Working Areas



Annex II: Expected Outputs 2022-23

S.N.	Outcome	Expected Outputs (Phase Targets)	Expected Outputs (FY 2022-23)	Comments							
Outco	Outcome 1: Local Governments (LGs) respond effectively to the needs of small farmers for irrigated agriculture										
1.1	Provincial Government strengthens its capacity to support Local Governments	policies for small irrigation are published	PG1 will publish norms, standards, strategies and policies for small irrigation for the use of LGs.								
		All responsible Federal/Provincial Government Agencies arrange the program LGs by the end of August	All responsible Federal/Provincial Government agencies will arrange the budget for program LGs by the end of August								
		A guideline on one window approach for small irrigation within the LGs is available	A draft guideline on one window approach for small irrigation will be available in all 58 LGs								
		An internet-based MIS and automated project preparation system is available and operational for use by the LGs	An internet-based MIS and automated project preparation system will be in operation								
		At least one learning event is organized every year for LGs included in the program on, innovations and experiences in the development of small-scale irrigation	A learning event to share the experiences of SIP-II in relation to the development of small-scale irrigation will be organized for LGs on National Irrigation Day in coordination with MoWSIE, PG1								
1.2	LGs strengthen their legislative and executive	• • •	35 LGs will adapt and endorse the small irrigation guideline								
	capacity for implementing small irrigation schemes	LG Councils select irrigation schemes for implementation though a demand driven process	All LG Councils will select irrigation schemes for implementation though a demand driven process								
		LGs appoint a focal person ⁶ for SIP planning, designing, construction supervision and post construction support	All 58 LGs will appoint a focal person for SIP planning, designing, construction supervision and post construction support								

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⁶ The focal person approves the detail design and cost estimates of the irrigations scheme.

S.N.	Outcome	Expected Outputs (Phase Targets)	Expected Outputs (FY 2022-23)	Comments
		100% LGs prepare and approve the bills within three weeks of the start of the measurement	100% LGs will prepare and approve the bills within three weeks of the start of the measurement	
		100% LGs ensure timely payments to WUA's (within 30 days of bills being recommended for payment by LG Support Unit	100% LGs will ensure timely payments to WUA's (within 30 days of bills being recommended for payment by LG Support Unit	
1.3	LGs build their capacity to provide support to the farmers in irrigated		80% ADCs or a committee for the purpose of the same in SIP implemented LGs meet at-least twice every year	
	agriculture development	80% Agriculture Development Committees (ADCs) in SIP implemented LGs recommend the selection of irrigation schemes for funding in annual budget to the LG councils	80% ADCs or a committee for the purpose of the same in SIP implemented LGs will recommend the selection of irrigation schemes for funding in annual budget to the LG councils	
		80% ADCs include and assign priority for the agriculture extension and input support for the selected SIP irrigation schemes	80% ADCs or a committee for the purpose of the same will include and assign priority for the agriculture extension and input support for the selected SIP irrigation schemes	
		LGs provide agriculture extension support and facilitate the provision of agriculture inputs for 80% SIP projects	LGs will provide agriculture extension support and facilitate the provision of agriculture inputs for 80% SIP projects	
		80% of the LG address contractual complaints related to irrigation schemes in a satisfactory manner	80% of the LGs will address contractual complaints related to irrigation schemes in a satisfactory manner	
Outcor	me 2: Small farmers especiall	y from DAGs increase agricultural prod	uctivity	
2.1	Small farmers organize themselves inclusively in Water User Associations		100% WUA committees will have representation from head, middle and tail of irrigation system	
		40% WUA committee members are women, with at least 1 woman or a	40% WUA committee members are women, with at least 1 woman or a representative of a discriminated group in a leadership position	

S.N.	Outcome	Expected Outputs (Phase Targets)	Expected Outputs (FY 2022-23)	Comments
		representative of a discriminated group in a leadership position.	(1 1 2022 20)	
		100% WUAs practice public hearing, review and auditing & place hoarding board at scheme sites	100% WUAs will practice public hearing, review and auditing & place hoarding board at scheme sites	
2.2	Water User Associations (WUAs) build and/or rehabilitate Small Irrigation Systems equitably	Approximately 1300 irrigation schemes are constructed or rehabilitated	A total of 438 irrigation schemes will be constructed or rehabilitated	98 carried over schemes from FY 2021-22 will be completed during this FY along with 340 new schemes
		1'000'000 person –days of employment through the construction of irrigation schemes	415,000 person–days of employment will be generated through the construction and/or rehabilitation of irrigation schemes	
		All WUAs/farmers equitably contribute at least 10% of the project construction cost	All WUAs/farmers will equitably contribute at least 10% of the project construction cost	
2.3	WUA operate and maintain irrigation systems equitably	100% WUA have received training for Operations & Maintenance (O&M)	100% WUA will receive training for O&M	
		All WUAs prepare plans and cost estimate for recurrent system maintenance	All WUAs will prepare plans and cost estimate for recurrent system maintenance	
		80% WUAs prepare and implement plans for equitable and timely water distribution.	80% WUAs will prepare and implement plans for equitable and timely water distribution.	
2.4	Farmers access agriculture extension services from LGs	80% schemes receive training on integrated crop and water management, including the operation of the distribution system, on farm storage facilities and pressurized water distribution (sprinklers, drip irrigation)	As part of the O&M training, 80% schemes will receive training on integrated crop and water management, including the operation of the distribution system, on farm storage facilities and pressurized water distribution.	
		100 % of SIP supported schemes receive a visit from a LG JTAs at-least once before the construction begins.	100 % of SIP supported schemes will receive a visit from a LG JTAs at-least once before the construction begins.	

S.N.	Outcome	Expected Outputs (Phase Targets)	Expected Outputs (FY 2022-23)	Comments
		80% farmers in SIP schemes have contact numbers of LG ward chairs, JT/JTAs, nearby agro-vet providers	80% farmers in SIP schemes will have contact numbers of LG ward chairs, JT/JTAs, nearby agro-vet providers	
2.5	Water User Associations plan the production in their FMIS based on commercial opportunities	50% Farmers in FMIS supported by the project plan their irrigated commercial crops based on reliable information on market demand	50% WUAs with MDP will be trained on production planning and post-harvest management	Schemes with MDPs that were completed during FY 2020-21 and FY 2021-22 will be trained
		50% JT/JTAs and private service providers provide production advice based on market demand.	50% JT/JTAs and private service providers provide production advice based on market demand	
		80% farmers have contact numbers of traders and buyers, whole-sellers and retailers of agriculture products, agriinsurers	80% farmers will have the contact information of market actors such as traders, whole-sellers, retailers of agriculture products, agri-insurers received from market actors mapping survey	
Outcor	me 3: Market actors offer inno	ovative supports and products to farme	rs in irrigated schemes	
3.1	Input service providers provide maintenance, production advice or embedded services to FMIS	Input service providers provide maintenance, production advice or embedded services to FMIS	Input service providers who are willing to provide maintenance, production advice or embedded services to FMIS in each of the working LGs will be identified through market actors mapping survey	
3.2	Traders and retailers establish contacts with WUA members	80% of WUA reporting ongoing discussions with traders and buyers	80% of WUA reporting ongoing discussions with traders and buyers	Potential traders and buyers identified through market actors mapping survey will be part of the multi-stakeholders and B2B meetings which will help to establish contracts between traders and buyers
		Simple and accurate price information system is developed and operational	Simple and accurate price information system will be developed by the end of FY 2021-22 and operational by mid of FY 2022-23	
		Famers consult price information system before bringing produce to the market	This target will be measured once the price information system is operational after roll out in mid of FY 2022-23	

Annex III: Crop Cut Survey (CCS)

Crop cut survey (CCS) for FY 2022-23 will be carried out in at least one completed scheme per LGs.

Crop cut survey is proposed to record the crop yield of major crops such as paddy, wheat and maize in the selected irrigation projects. Further, a baseline for winter vegetables and other high value crops which have been identified as potato, cauliflower/cabbage, tomato, green peas will be established.

Methodology of CCS

The CCS included the following activities in sequence:

a. Selection of at least one irrigation scheme in each working LG covering completed schemes till FY 2021-22

Numbers of IP selection for Crop Cut Survey

S.N.	Working Area	Nos of LGs	Number of IP selection for CCS
1	Okhaldhunga	8	8 schemes
2	Khotang	10	10 schemes
3	Udayapur	8	8 schemes
4	Dhankuta	6	6 schemes
5	Bhojpur	7	7 schemes
6	Panchthar	6	6 schemes
7	Illam	8	8 schemes
8	Terhathum	5	5 schemes
	Total	58	58 schemes

b. Selection of at least one new irrigation schemes in each LGs for establishing baseline

Numbers of IP selection for Crop Cut Survey, (Baseline)

S.N.	Working Area	Nos of LGs	Number of IP selection for CCS
1	Okhaldhunga	8	8 schemes
2	Khotang	10 10 schemes	
3	Udayapur	8	8 schemes
4	Dhankuta	6 6 schemes	
5	Bhojpur	7	7 schemes
6	Panchthar	6	6 schemes
7	Illam	8	8 schemes
8	Terhathum	5	5 schemes
	Total	58	58 schemes

- c. Selection of schemes on the basis of elevation variation and cost:
 - Less than 1000 m
 - In between 1000 m to 1500 m
 - Above 1500 m
 - One scheme with highest total estimated cost

- One scheme with pipe canal system or lowest total estimated cost
- d. Organization of meeting with WUA of each scheme
 - Identify 3 water user farmers each from head, middle and tail of the command area and plan the tentative date of crop cut with them (Refer Table 1)
- e. Selection of the crop field of each selected/identified farmer
 - Selected crop field should be rectangular as far as possible
- f. Measurement of the perimeter with its diagonals and plot it on AutoCad for area measurement or other ways for area measurement
- g. Assist WUA and participating farmers to harvest the standing crop in the whole field plot or at least 5m*2m = 10sqm each in HMT
 - Thresh the harvested crop
 - Clean it
 - Weigh it and use the local available measuring tools such as Pathi, Mana and so on first and calibrate it in Kg using the digital balance
 - Take 1 kg sample for moisture adjustment (Keep info tag in each sample bag and bring it back to the Office)
 - Repeat the process for HMT
- h. Use Tablet to record the coordinates and altitude of the crop cut field and also take photos
- i. Calculating Crop Yield: The crop yield is calculated by carrying out the following steps:
 - Sum up all 3 replicates
 - Adjust the moisture
 - Total weight after moisture adjustment (Kg)
 - Get the land measurement of crop cut plot (m2)
 - Get the crop yield in t/ha.
- j. Get data of each farmer (HMT) identified for crop cut survey
 - Name of the farmer identified each in HMT for CCS
 - Land holding of farmer identified each in CA
 - Crop area in each crop season (monsoon, winter and spring) in % practiced by each identified farmer in HMT
 - Irrigation water received in each season as < Adequate > or < Inadequate > or any comment from the farmer
- k. Use the attached reporting Table 2, 3 and 4

Table 1. Crop Cut Planning with WUA of Irrigation Projects													
Name of District													
Name of Staff, DPMISC(Involved in crop cut)													
					Tentative Crop cut date as per planning with WUA of IP								
S.N	IP Name IP Co	IP Name IP Code	me IP Code Addre	IB Codo	IP Code Address	Monsoon Season	Winter	r Season		Spring Sea	ison	Altitude of IP	Remarks
5.14				Addiess	M. Paddy	Wheat	Potato	Vegetable	e Spr. Paddy Other crop (Specify)	Ailliage Of II	Remarks		
1													
2													
3													
4	·				•								

					Table 2 : 0	Crop cut result	s					
	Name of District											
	Name of Staff, DPI	MISC(Involved	in crop cut)									
	Name of Crop											
	Reporting date											
S.N	IP Name	IP Code	Name of Farmer	Crop cut (date)	Latitude (North)	Longitiude(East)	Elevation (m)	Crop cut area measured (sqm)	Total Production measured at Field (Pathi)	Local Pathi = Kg	Crop Variety	Remarks
1			Head :							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
			Midddle:							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
			Tail:							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
2			Head :							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
			Midddle:							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
			Tail:							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
3			Head :							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
			Midddle:							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
			Tail:							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
4			Head :							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
			Midddle:							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
			Tail:							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
5			Head :							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
			Midddle:							1 pathi = ?? Kg		
			Tail:							1 pathi = ?? Kg		

				Table 3: Crop co	verage Inform	ation from Far	mers Partici	pating in Crop	Cut			
	Name of District											
	Name of Staff (Invo	olved in crop cu	ut)									
	Reporting date											
S.N	IP Name	IP Code	Name of Farmer	Holding in CA (Ropani/Katha)	M. Paddy Coverage/ Area (%)	Wheat Coverage/ Area (%)	Oilseed/ Pulse Coverage/ Area (%)	Potato Coverage/ Area (%)	Winter Veg Coverage/ Area (%)	Spr. Paddy Coverage/Area (%)	Spr. Maize Coverage/ Area (%)	Remark
			Head:									
1			Midddle:									
			Tail:									
			Total									
			Head:									
2			Midddle:									
			Tail:									
			Total									
			Head:									
3			Midddle:									
			Tail:									
			Total									
			Head :									
4			Midddle:									
			Tail:									
			Total									
			Head :									
5			Midddle:									
			Tail:									
		[Total		1							1

				Table 4: Irri	gation Information	n from Farmers Pa	rticipating in Crop	Cut			
	Name of District										
	Name of Staff, DPI	MISC(Involved	in crop cut)								
	Reporting date										
S.N	IP Name	IP Code	Name of Farmer	Irrigation Application in M. Paddy Times/Interval	Irrigation Application in Wheat Times/Interval	Irrigation Application in Oilseed/pulse Times/Interval	Irrigation Application in Potato Times/Interval	Irrigation Application in Winter Veg Times/Interval	Irrigation Application in Spr.Paddy Times/Interval	Irrigation Application in Spr.Maize Times/Interval	Remarks
			Head :								
			Midddle:								
1			Tail:								
			Head :								
			Midddle:								
2			Tail:								
			Head :								
			Midddle:								
3			Tail:								
			Head :								
			Midddle:								
4			Tail:								
			Head :								
			Midddle:								
5			Tail:								

Annex IV: GESI Action Plan

Project Outputs	Gender Activity/ Measure	Target/Performance Indicators	Data Source and Reporting Mechanism	Responsibility
Outcome 1 Local Government	nents respond effectively to needs o	of small farmers for irrigated agriculture		
1.2 LGs strengthen their legislative and executive capacity for implementing small irrigation schemes	Enhancement of women's roles in decision-making positions.	equal rights for women in access to services and control over resources Implementation of existing policies to ensure	Project annual reports	Provincial Government and LGs
1.3 LGs build their capacity to provide support to the farmers in irrigated agriculture development	Agriculture extension addresses the needs and priorities of women, farmers and ensures participation of women, small and marginal farmers in all training events and access to agri-extension activities	 Women, small and marginal farmers are consulted in the agriculture extension planning process Data on farmer group composition will be collected and maintained disaggregated by sex, caste/ethnicity. 	Project monitoring, programme MIS and annual report	LGs and PMISC
Outcome 2 Small farmers	especially from DAGs increase agri	cultural productivity and shift from subsisten	ce to commercializ	ed agriculture
2.1 Small farmers organize themselves inclusively in Water User Associations	Beneficiaries household sample baseline socio-economic and agricultural data Executive committee formation ensures women's representation and reflects the demographic profile of the command area as guided by their constitution.	 Data available in programme MIS and reported in Annual Reports Minimum 40% representation of women in WUA executive committees Proportional representation from head, middle and tail-enders. All of WUAs have at least one woman holding a key leadership position (chairperson, secretary, treasurer) WUA rules provide for equal pay for men and women for work of equal value; and 	Review of Minutes of WUA General Assemblies, reported in project annual report Review of WUA constitutions, reported in project annual reports	LGs and PMISC

Project Outputs	Gender Activity/ Measure	Target/Performance Indicators	Data Source and Reporting Mechanism	Responsibility
	WUA Constitution includes provision for meaningful participation of women.	 either the husband or the wife is an eligible member Women executive committee members actively participate in discussions and decision-making related to the operation, management and maintenance of the schemes 		
2.2 Water User Associations (WUAs) build and/or rehabilitate Small Irrigation Systems equitably	Ensure meaningful participation of women members of WUA executive committees through leadership and technical training to WUA executive committee members	 65% of trained women leaders (where applicable) demonstrate increased ability to perform Women are consulted on the design of scheme construction and/or improvement Design of water distribution systems benefits men and women in an equal manner Constitution provision for equal pay for men and women is applied in under the payable works implemented through WUA contracts 	records	LGs/PMISC
2.3 WUA operate and maintain irrigation systems equitably	Equitable distribution of irrigation water in the scheme command areas, especially with regard to irrigation water supply to plots farmed by women	80% of plot farmed by women in the scheme command areas receive timely water supply in sufficient quantity	Post construction monitoring and annual reports	WUAs, LGs, PMISC

Project Outputs	Gender Activity/ Measure	Target/Performance Indicators	Data Source and Reporting Mechanism	Responsibility
2.4 Farmers access agriculture extension services from LGs	Promote and develop women leader farmers in the subproject areas. Provide priority access to subsidized agriculture inputs and equipment to women farmers	women farmers.	Post construction monitoring and annual reports	LGs and PMISC
2.5 WUAs plan the production in their production in their FMIS based on commercial opportunities	WUAs will involve all female members in planning of production and inform them on the commercial opportunities	50% of women farmers are plan their production based on commercial opportunities	Post construction monitoring and annual reports	LGs and PMISC
Outcome 3 Market actors of 3.1 Input service providers provide maintenance, production advice or embedded services to small irrigation schemes		80% of women farmers avail of agriculture inputs and services provided by private sector service providers	Post construction monitoring and annual reports	LGs and PMISC
3.2 Traders and retailers establish contacts with WUA members	WUAs will ensure that all female members will be able to establish contacts with agriculture traders	30% of women farmers sell commercial production to traders	Post construction monitoring and annual reports	LGs and PMISC

Annex V: Project Prioritization Criteria

Based upon the learnings from previous FYs, the project prioritization criteria have been updated and used in the project prioritization for this FY which has been presented as below;

1. Project Eliminating Criteria

The Schemes listed in the approved scheme list obtained from the LGs shall be identified/verified in the field through Scheme Verification. Schemes/Projects found to possess the following characteristics shall be eliminated and no further actions shall be taken upon them.

SN	Criteria	Yes	No
1	Available source discharge per hectare of command area (CCA) is less than 1.5 lps/ha	Eliminate	
2	Farmers willing to pay 10% contribution		Eliminate
3	Conflicts regarding voluntary land donations	Eliminate	
4	Upstream users have any objection	Eliminate	
5	Downstream users have any objection	Eliminate	
6	Active landslides in main canal alignment	Eliminate*	
7	Command area is in between 5 to 50 hectares		Eliminate**
8	Overlap with prior schemes of Dol/SIP-I implemented within last 15 years	Eliminate	

Note:

2. Project Ranking Criteria

The Schemes thus remaining after the elimination shall be ranked/prioritized for further detail survey/actions. The prioritization shall be based on following criteria; and their weightage shall be as given.

SN	Criteria	Weightage, %
а	Ratio of Command Area (CCA) to Main Canal Total	10
	Length	
b	Available Discharge at Source per hectare of CCA	10
С	Presence of Disadvantaged Groups (DAGs)	40
d	Presence of Small Farmers	20
е	Roadhead Distance	10
f	Distance of Nearest Market	
	i) Major Market Hub	5
	ii) Local Market Hub	5
	Total	100

The detail of each criterion follows.

^{*} If landslide in any scheme is found to be unmanageable by, or outside the scope of SIP, it shall be eliminated; otherwise, environmental protection works shall be designed in the scheme, and the scheme included.

^{**} If the command area is less than 5 ha but the presence of DAG is considerable, the scheme may be included after due discussions with PMISC. Also, if the command area is greater than 50 ha, this shall be considered for implementation in coordination and approval from concerned Department of Irrigation (DOI).

a. Ratio of Command Area (CCA in hectare) to Total Length of Main Canal (L in meter)

The ratio shall be multiplied by 1000 and scoring done as follows. Please refer the attached sample.

SN	1000 x (CCA/L)	Score	Remarks
1	≥ 20	100	
2	15-20	75	Including 15
3	10-15	50	Including 10
4	5-10	25	Including 5
5	<5	0	

Note:

- i) Command Area is taken as CCA in hectares.
- ii) CCA shall be 85% of GCA.
- iii) Total Canal Length (L) is taken in meters.

b. Available Source Discharge per Hectare of CCA

Discharge per hectare of CCA (in lps/ha) available at source shall be calculated and scoring done as follows.

SN	Discharge, lps/ha	Score	Remarks
1	≥ 2.5	100	
2	2.0-2.5	50	Including 2.0
3	1.5-2.0	0	Including 1.5

c. Presence of DAGs

The presence of DAGs shall be categorized depending upon the percentage present in schemes as follows.

SN	DAG Range, %	Score	Remarks
1	≥ 40	100	
2	30-40	75	Including 30
3	20-30	50	Including 20
4	10-20	25	Including 10
5	<10	0	

d. Presence of Small Farmers

The presence of small farmers shall be categorized depending upon the percentage present in schemes as follows.

SN	Small Farmers Range, %	Score	Remarks

1	≥ 70	100	
2	40-70	75	Including 40
3	20-40	50	Including 20
4	10-20	25	Including 10
5	<10	0	

e. Roadhead Distance

Depending on the distance of the Roadhead from the scheme command area, the schemes shall be categorized thus:

SN	Distance of Market, km	Score	Remarks
1	≤1	100	
2	1 - 2	75	Including 2
3	2 - 3	50	Including 3
4	3 - 4	25	Including 4
5	> 4	0	

f. Distance to Nearest Market from Command Area

a.Major Market Hub

SN	Distance of	Score	Remarks
1	≤ 5	100	
2	5 - 10	80	Including 10
3	10 - 15	60	Including 15
4	15 - 20	40	Including 20
5	> 20	20	

b. Distance to Local Market

SN	Distance of	Score	Remarks
1	≤ 1	100	
2	1 - 2	80	Including 2
3	2 - 3	60	Including 3
4	3 - 4	40	Including 4
5	> 4	20	

Annex VI: SIP Work Schedule FY 2022-23

			Q-1			Q-2			Q-3		Q-4		
WDO		Shrawan	Bhadra	Asoj	Kartik	Mangsir	Poush	Magh	Falgun	Chaitra	Baishak	Jestha	Asar
WBS		July/Aug	Aug/Sep	Sep/Oct	Oct/Nov	Nov/Dec	Dec/Jan	Jan/Feb	Feb/Mar	March/April	April/May	May/June	June/July
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Carried over schemes (98 Nos) from FY 2021-22 for FY 2022-23												
1.1	Complete remaining construction activities (includes monitoring and supervision)												
1.2	Conduct public audits and system testing/ commissioning												
1.3	Prepare running/final billing and their payment												
1.4	Conduct O and M Trainings/ICWM Trainings												
1.5	Agriculture related activities												
1.6	Market related activities												
	New Schemes (340 Nos) for FY 2022-23												
2.1	Finalize Project Preparation Report (PPR)												
2.2	Conduct Public Hearing												
2.3	Formation/Re-Formation of WUA												
2.4	Registration of WUA												
2.5	Selection of Lead Farmer												
2.6	Sign agreement between Palika and WUA for project implementation												
2.7	Placement of hoarding board at project site												
2.8	Conduct QC/ID training												
2.9	Ensure provision of group accidental Insurance (included renwal)												
2.10	Ensure procurement of saftey tools (PPE) and delivery at site												
2.11	Ensure procurement of local and non-local materials												
2.12	Complete remaining construction activities (includes monitoring and supervision)												
2.13	Conduct public audits and system testing/ commissioning												
2.14	Prepare running/final billing and their payment												
2.15	Conduct O and M Trainings/ICWM Trainings												
2.16	Agriculture related activities												
2.17	Market related activities												
3	Other activities												
3.1	Conduct survey 5000 hectares for FY 2080-81												
3.2	Prepare PPR of 5000 hectares for FY 2080-81												
1 3 3	Organize self-evaluation Event to scrutinize the process and approaches of the program (1 event)												
3.4	Conduct short term monitoring survey of completed Schemes (at least one year after completion) by clusters (287# of WUA target)												
3.5	Condcut crop cut survey of irrigation Schemes (MZ, MP, WH, PT, WV)												

Annex VII: SIP Program Budget FY 2022-23

SIP Phase Budget										
SI	Budget Heading	By Financiars (Amount in NPR)								
<u> </u>		SDC	Federal Government	Provincial Government	Local Government	Farmers	Grand Total			
1	Civil works	1,511,100,000	1,007,400,000	1,007,400,000	1,007,400,000	503,700,000	5,037,000,000			
2	Equipment	8,395,000	-		-	-	8,395,000			
3	Consulting Services	437,805,000	-		-	-	437,805,000			
14	Institutional Strengthening of PGs and LGs	50,000,000	-			-	50,000,000			
5	Project Management		11,500,000	23,000,000	103,500,000	-	138,000,000			
6	External Evaluation	9,200,000	-		-	-	9,200,000			
	TOTAL PROJECT COST	2,016,500,000	1,018,900,000	1,030,400,000	1,110,900,000	503,700,000	5,680,400,000			

SIP Budget for FY 2022/23

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SI	Budget Heading	By Financiars (Amount in NPR)								
	Budget Heading	SDC	Federal Government	Provincial Government	Local Government	Farmers	Grand Total			
1	Civil works	620,482,196	413,654,797	413,654,797	413,654,797	206,827,399	2,068,273,986			
2	Equipment	805,000	-	-	-	-	805,000			
3	Consulting Services	118,112,250	-	-	-	-	118,112,250			
4	Institutional Strengthening of PGs and									
Ľ	LGs	22,931,000	-	-	-	-	22,931,000			
5	Project Management	-	-	-	-	-	-			
6	External Evaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-			
7	Recurrent Cost- Federal Government	-	2,300,000	-	-	-	2,300,000			
	TOTAL PROJECT COST	762,330,446	415,954,797	413,654,797	413,654,797	206,827,399	2,212,422,236			
	*WUA Training included in Consulting									

Annex VIII: Funds Flow Analysis (FY 2022-23)

Project: Small Irrigation Programme-II
Period of analysis 16 July, 2022 to 15 July, 2023
Budget in CHF 19,238,454

10,250						Fund Recei	vers		Fui	nd Allocati	ion	Fund Beneficiaries	
	Budget/Expense Headings	Budget Amount (in CHF)	Budget Amount (in CHF)	Geogr	aphical O	utreach		mination pective		erspectiv	•		Perspective butable or not
		2,212,422,236	19,238,454	Province	National	International	Discriminate d	Non - Discriminated	Province 1	Province 2	Others and National	Attributable funds	General and common costs
PART 2	Local Office of Contractor	4,076,750	35,450										
2.1	Local Office staff of contractor	3,524,750	30,650		100%			100%			100%		100%
2.2	Reimbursable cost	552,000	4,800		100%			100%			100%		100%
PART 3	PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION	114,840,500	998,613										
PART 3a	Long Term Experts	24,874,500	216,300										
3.1	Professionals (expat and national)	24,874,500	216,300	100%			45%	55%	100%				100%
3.2	Travel expenses of residential expats		-										
3.3	Other costs of resident expats		-										
PART 3b	Short term experts	7,660,500											
3.4	Short term experts	6,430,000		27%		73%		100%	27%		73%		100%
3.5	Reimbursable costs	1,230,500	10,700			100%		100%			100%		100%
3.6	Remuneration of national support staff	61,824,000	*										
3.6.1	National Level	11,454,000		100%			89%	11%	100%				100%
3.6.2	Cluster Level	50,370,000		100%			64%	36%	100%				100%
3.7	Reimbursable Costs	7,877,500	68,500										
3.7.1	Travel	690,000		100%				100%	100%				100%
3.7.2	Accomodation incl DSA	7,187,500		100%				100%	100%				100%
3.8	Purchase of equipment for	805,000	,										
3.8.3	Project Vehicles(motorcycles)	-	-										
3.8.4	Professional GPS	-	-										
3.8.5	Office Equipment	805,000	7,000	100%				100%	100%				100%
3.9	Operating Costs PIU (effective	11,799,000			100/			10001	4000/				1000/
3.9.1	Office Rent (incuding security)	1,380,000 1,104,000		84%	16%			100% 100%	100%				100% 100%
3.9.2 3.9.3	Cluster Office Rent Running cost Office (Stationery/	3,450,000		100%				100%	100% 100%				100%
3.9.4	Office material (Furiture & Fixture)	230,000		100% 100%				100%	100%				100%
3.9.5	Running cost vehicles/ mortorcycles	2,300,000		100%				100%	100%				100%
3.9.6	Local Auditing	460,000	4,000		100%			100%	100%				100%
3.9.6	Internship/ Traineeship	1,725,000		100%	100%		100%	100%	100%				100%
3.9.8	Training national support staff	1,150,000		100%			10076	100%	100%				100%
PART 4	ADMINISTERED PROJECT	2,093,504,986						10076	10076				10070
4.1	Civil works- Federal	413,654,797	3,596,998	100%			21%	79%	100%			100%	
	Civil works- Provincial Government	413,654,797		100%			21%	79%	100%			100%	
	Civil works- Local Government	413,654,797	3,596,998	100%			21%	79%	100%			100%	
	Civil works- SDC	620,482,196		100%			21%	79%	100%			100%	
	Civil works-WUA	206,827,399		100%			21%	79%	100%			100%	
4.2	WUA Traning/ Post Construction training	17,181,000		100%				100%	100%			100%	
4.3	Institutional Strengthening of Palikas including logistic support	2,875,000	25,000	100%				100%	100%				100%
4.4	Provincial Capacity Strengthening	2,875,000	25,000	100%				100%	100%				100%
	Recurrent Cost	2,300,000			100%			100%			100%		100%
	Total amount	2,212,422,236	19,238,454	19,125,568		51,517	4,258,147	14,980,307	19,131,488	-	106,967	18,134,391	1,104,063
		.,,,	,,	99.41%					99.44%			94.26%	

1 CHF= NRS 115

Annex IX: Program List for FY 2022-23

क्र.सं.	पालिका	जिल्ला	नयाँ/क्रमा गत	योजनाको नाम	सिंचित क्षेत्रफल (हेक्टर)	आ.व. २०७९/८० मा विनियोजित रकम (रू हजारमा)
8	टेम्केमैयुङ गाँउपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	खैइवा सरकारी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	17.28	4,579
२	टेम्केमैयुङ गाँउपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	वुलुम्पा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	25.77	6,830
3	टेम्केमैयुङ गाँउपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	ओखरबोटे कुलो नागी सिंचाइ योजना	40.36	10,694
8	टेम्केमैयुङ गाँउपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	खाडटाङ कुलो गोगने सिंचाइ योजना	15.49	4,106
y	टेम्केमैयुङ गाँउपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	बैरीनी कुलो वैराङ लेखर्क सिंचाइ योजना	12.62	3,343
ξ	भोजपुर नगरपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	रचने कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	10.56	2,799
b	भोजपुर नगरपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	कटहरे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	17.65	4,678
C	भोजपुर नगरपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	भाल्मा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	20.01	5,302
٩	भोजपुर नगरपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	रमिते कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	20.88	5,533
१०	भोजपुर नगरपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	भेडिखोर कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	15.30	4,053
88	भोजपुर नगरपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	अस्राङगे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	6.98	1,850
१२	भोजपुर नगरपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	माम्लाखा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	36.83	9,760
? 3	अरुण गाँउपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	लागुवा खोला खुकुम्बु पुछार बिचारी खेत कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	5.11	1,354
१४	अरुण गाँउपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	पोखरी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	20.90	5,539
१५	षडानन्द नगरपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	नरकाउले कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	20.86	5,528
१६	षडानन्द नगरपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	हर्बक कुलो सिंचाइ योजना, साङपाङ	50.00	13,250
१७	षडानन्द नगरपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	प्याक्ला खोला ढुङगेबेशि कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	5.58	1,478
१८	षडानन्द नगरपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	यमिङ बेशि कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	15.00	3,975
१९	साल्पासिलिछो गाँउपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	भिरकुना लफ्सेफेदी गोथेबजार कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	8.55	2,266
२०	साल्पासिलिछो गाँउपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	खिसिमा खोला बुम्लिङ कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	27.55	7,301
२१	महालक्ष्मी नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	आसे खोला अहाले मासबारी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	7.72	2,047
२२	महालक्ष्मी नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	लेगुवा खोला बेल्टार कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	49.00	12,985
२३	महालक्ष्मी नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	महेन्द्र कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	24.37	6,457

क्र.सं.	पालिका	जिल्ला	नयाँ/क्रमा गत	योजनाको नाम	सिंचित क्षेत्रफल (हेक्टर)	आ.व. २०७९/८० मा विनियोजित रकम (रू हजारमा)
રષ્ઠ	महालक्ष्मी नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	सिकर कटेरी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	49.00	12,985
રલ	महालक्ष्मी नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	चिनेटार कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	19.17	5,080
२६	महालक्ष्मी नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	क्रमागत	लक्ष्मी ताकमारे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	90.00	1,513
રહ	महालक्ष्मी नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	क्रमागत	जनकल्याण सतही कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	80.00	1,509
ર૮	महालक्ष्मी नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	क्रमागत	पुरन्तिने चौतारा झरना कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	50.00	824
२९	महालक्ष्मी नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	क्रमागत	माझ कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	35.00	2,100
30	महालक्ष्मी नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	क्रमागत	पुछार कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	25.00	2,000
38	पाख्रीबास नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	दारे गौडा भण्डारी दलित टोल कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	7.70	2,042
32	पास्त्रीबास नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	सुब्बा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	8.86	2,349
33	पाखीबास नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	तुरुड़ो कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	39.05	10,347
38	पाख्रीबास नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	मानीरुम्टी अम्बोटे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	23.72	6,286
34	पाखीबास नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	मुहाने खैरेनी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	50.00	13,250
3६	पाखीबास नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	अठ्चालिस कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	40.18	10,647
36	पाखीबास नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	सोह मुरे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	23.48	6,223
3८	पाखीबास नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	चाँबोटे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	14.17	3,756
39	पाखीबास नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	धारे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	15.57	4,126
۸۰	पाखीबास नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	क्रमागत	नासपातिबारी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	24.00	3,737
88	पाख्रीबास नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	क्रमागत	ह्लाकी भत्यारे नयाँ कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	46.00	1,000
४२	छथर जोरपाटी गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	गोबिन्द टोल कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	15.50	4,109
83	छथर जोरपाटी गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	ओखाबारी पिठाकोठे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	17.99	4,768
88	छथर जोरपाटी गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	बहादुरे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	12.62	3,343
84	छथर जोरपाटी गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	मुल कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	14.38	3,811
୪६	छथर जोरपाटी गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	नयाँ आम्बोटे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	50.00	13,250
ଧ୍ର	छथर जोरपाटी गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	तेलियाटार कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	6.94	1,838

क्र.सं.	पालिका	जिल्ला	नयाँ/क्रमा गत	योजनाको नाम	सिंचित क्षेत्रफल (हेक्टर)	आ.व. २०७९/८० मा विनियोजित रकम (रू हजारमा)
ሄሪ	छथर जोरपाटी गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	क्रमागत	तिसमुरे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	15.00	2,081
४९	छथर जोरपाटी गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	क्रमागत	डुँडे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	18.00	3,777
чo	धनकुटा नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	ओक्मालुङ कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	13.67	3,623
 ક્ષ	धनकुटा नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	माझगाँउ कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	10.96	2,905
 કર	धनकुटा नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	कैलेनी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	5.26	1,395
43	धनकुटा नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	माननीय कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	16.60	4,398
48	धनकुटा नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	निबुवा खोला कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	5.00	1,325
બ બ	धनकुटा नगरपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	मन्दरा तिल्केचौर कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	5.80	1,538
	चौबिसे गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	नाम्फुवा खोला तिनदोभान ओजारे खैरेनी सिंचाइ योजना	20.28	5,375
લ ૭	चौबिसे गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	देवान कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	7.00	1,855
4८	चौबिसे गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	छरुवा सिस्ने कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	5.39	1,427
५९	चौबिसे गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	ज्यामिरे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	5.00	1,325
६०	चौबिसे गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	भोटेखोला चुरे डाँडा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	8.27	2,190
६१	चौबिसे गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	छरुवा खोला हुदै मासिमटार कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	8.62	2,283
६२	चौबिसे गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	छरुवा खोला हुदै लक्ष्मीटार कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	9.81	2,601
£ 3	सहिदभूमि गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	घंघरु बाह्नी खोला कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	14.99	3,973
દ્દષ્ટ	सहिदभूमि गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	अखुवाटार कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	33.42	8,857
६५	सहिदभूमि गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	दुम्कारे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	6.45	1,709
६६	सहिदभूमि गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	च्याप्ला रैकरे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	7.50	1,986
દ્દહ	सहिदभूमि गाँउपालिका	धनकुटा	नयाँ	सानो चिम्राहा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	11.65	3,086
६८	म्याङलुङ नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	अम्फुवा खोला आकाशे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	13.73	3,638
६९	म्याङलुङ नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	कुल डाँडा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	17.11	4,534
60	म्याङलुङ नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	धर्मे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	49.00	12,985
७१	म्याङलुङ नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	छर्रछरे बस्नेत गाँउ कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	12.28	3,255

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७ २	म्याङलुङ नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	च्याङवा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	26.96	7,145
63	म्याङलुङ नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	काफ्ले कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	6.96	1,845
ଜ୪	म्याङलुङ नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	गहुँबारी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	14.77	3,915
ଜ୍ୟ	म्याङलुङ नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	क्रमागत	ताङमाया दलाने कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	7.00	592
७६	म्याङलुङ नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	क्रमागत	पिडगुवा झाक्रिथान कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	17.00	1,317
99	म्याङलुङ नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	क्रमागत	लुन्द्रङ खोला इन्द्रेणी डाँडा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	29.00	773
しく	म्याङलुङ नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	क्रमागत	सुन्तले कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	22.00	1,580
७९	म्याङलुङ नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	क्रमागत	शिवथाने कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	32.00	4,000
۷۰	लालीगुँरास नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	कातिके कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	5.26	1,395
८१	लालीगुँरास नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	छिपुवा खोला बाह्न डाँडा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	11.31	2,998
૮ર	लालीगुँरास नगरपालिका	तेह्रथुम	क्रमागत	सुबेदी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	52.00	1,000
ر غ	मेन्छयायेम गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	याक्सोरा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	17.98	4,766
ሪጸ	मेन्छयायेम गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	मेडखुवा ग्याम्लो कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	18.43	4,884
ረዓ	मेन्छयायेम गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	भोटेखोला लामबाले बारकाटेरो कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	49.00	12,985
ረ६	मेन्छयायेम गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	सदुवा खोला देखि सिरिसे फेदि कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	27.06	7,170
८७	मेन्छयायेम गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	क्रमागत	सुर्के कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	41.00	1,500
CC	छथर गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	काउसे बढारे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	5.62	1,490
८९	छथर गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	साक्मा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	27.81	7,369
९०	छथर गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	रना रनाङगे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	36.91	9,780
९१	छथर गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	सालबोटे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	27.43	7,268
९२	छथर गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	ताक्मारे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	10.17	2,694
९३	छथर गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	क्रमागत	काङगुती कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	37.00	2,500
९४	फेदाप गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	लेगुवा खोला सोताङ गाँउ सदास्पु हुँदै काप्लाबुङ कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	18.85	4,995

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९५	फेदाप गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	लेगुवा खोला पैपुङ हुँदै शिरिसे बेशी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	33.31	8,826
९६	फेदाप गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	सुन्तले खोला मुहान देखी साक्छुवा बेशी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना, सिम्ले	16.57	4,391
९७	फेदाप गाँउपालिका	तेह्रथुम	नयाँ	लेगुवा खोला बिकेलुङ हुँदै सातभैया जाने कुलो सिंचाइ योजना, सम्दु	14.92	3,955
९८	तुम्बेवा गाँउपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	डुम्मीबोटे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	5.10	1,352
९९	तुम्बेवा गाँउपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	बतासे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	8.93	2,366
१००	तुम्बेवा गाँउपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	याङखुवा धोबीनि कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	17.74	4,700
१०१	तुम्बेवा गाँउपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	सोहसय कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	38.93	10,317
१०२	तुम्बेवा गाँउपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	हर्लाबोटे पिपलबोटे बिच कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	10.01	2,653
१०३	तुम्बेवा गाँउपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	सल्लेरी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	6.33	1,677
१०४	तुम्बेवा गाँउपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	ढुङगे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	8.25	2,185
१०५	तुम्बेवा गाँउपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	मझुवा खेत कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	5.05	1,339
१०६	तुम्बेवा गाँउपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	धनपतीटार कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	10.10	2,676
१०७	तुम्बेवा गाँउपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	चितुवा खर्क कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	5.29	1,402
१०८	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	तालखर्क सिंचाइ योजना	122.56	32,478
१०९	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	नुरुडखोला भित्ते बिचगाउँ हुंदै हाइड्रो जाने सिंचाइ योजना	50.20	13,304
११०	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	लाप्चेखोला दियालीगाउँ स्वास्थ्य चौकी (क्षेत्र) सिंचाइ योजना	15.00	3,975
१११	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	जनकल्याण घट्टेखोला सिंचाइ योजना	90.95	24,102
११२	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	छोटिखोला हिलेखोला फापरबारी सिंचाइ योजना	101.79	26,974
१ १३	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	माइखोला देखि काइलाटार जाने सिंचाइ योजना	8.86	2,348
888	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	सटके मुहान शिकारीडाँडा सिंचाइ योजना	15.97	4,232
११५	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	ठाडेखोला सिंचाइ योजना	14.70	3,895
११६	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	रातेखोला सिंचाइ योजना	17.90	4,745
११७	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	आले सिंचाइ योजना	12.24	3,242

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११८	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	झुत्रेखोला चाम्लिङगाउँ गुरुङगाउँ सिंचाइ योजना	41.00	9,998
११९	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	छाँगेखोला चित्रेबेसी सिंचाइ योजना	19.11	9,358
१२०	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	सिमखर्क तिनतले सिंचाई योजना	85.00	6,991
१२१	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	असलेखोला लाप्चागाउँ सिंचाई योजना	36.50	4,854
१२२	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	छाँगेदोभान सिंचाई योजना	23.00	5,890
१२३	इलाम नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	लामीदुवली सिंचाइ योजना	46.00	10,755
१२४	माङसेबुङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	कृषि कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	14.97	3,967
१२५	माङसेबुङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	सातबिसे सिंचाइ योजना	16.52	4,378
१२६	माङसेबुङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	चिउरीबोटे सिंचाइ योजना	46.46	12,312
१२७	माङसेबुङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	अमले सिंचाइ योजना	10.74	2,846
१२८	माङसेबुङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	बताहा सिरिसे सिंचाइ योजना	6.00	1,590
१२९	माङसेबुङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	गैरीखोला सिंचाइ योजना	7.11	1,884
830	माङसेबुङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	आहाले दोभान साजबोटे सातबिसे सिंचाइ योजना	14.34	3,800
१३१	माङसेबुङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	मेवाखोला दुम्से सिंचाइ योजना	5.00	1,325
१३२	माङसेबुङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	नागदह सवाखोला सिंचाइ योजना	15.00	3,975
833	माङसेबुङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	हाडमायक सिंचाइ योजना	6.32	6,934
838	माङसेबुङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	मुल कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	26.24	9,900
१३५	माङसेबुङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	कटहरे सिंचाइ योजना	15.62	3,986
१३६	माङसेबुङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	फेवा सिंचाइ योजना	50.00	5,649
१३७	माई नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	माई धोद्रेबेशी सिंचाइ योजना	29.55	7,831
१३८	माई नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	गरुवा मादले माझबारी चाउरीबारी सिंचाइ योजना	18.79	4,979
१३९	माई नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	जुवाली कार्कीटार बेशी सिंचाइ योजना	5.87	1,556
१४०	माई नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	लेवाखोला ढोडेनी पुछार सिंचाइ योजना	9.97	2,642
१४१	माई नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	माईखोला तमाखे सिंचाइ योजना	23.00	3,481
१४२	माई नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	टाङटिङ मुहान कुम्बीटार साठ्ठीमुरे सिंचाइ योजना	14.00	4,529
683	माई नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	लोदिया माई सिंचाइ योजना	35.00	9,900

क्र.सं.	पालिका	जिल्ला	नयाँ/क्रमा गत	योजनाको नाम	सिंचित क्षेत्रफल (हेक्टर)	आ.व. २०७९/८० मा विनियोजित रकम (रू हजारमा)
688	माईजोगमाई गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	सुर्केखोला (निरौंलागाउँ, कम्बरगाउँ, रसाइलीगाउँ, तामागाउँ) सिंचाइ योजना	29.33	7,772
१४५	माईजोगमाई गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	घलेखोला भाडबारी नौलेडाँडा कलसिंह सिंचाइ योजना	29.30	7,765
१४६	माईजोगमाई गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	भुतेखोला चावाखोला सिंचाइ योजना	74.59	19,766
१४७	माईजोगमाई गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	मलेखोला सिंचाइ योजना	25.33	6,712
१४८	माईजोगमाई गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	ढुंगेखोला भण्डारी हुँदै थापागाउँ सिंचाइ योजना	13.95	3,697
१४९	माईजोगमाई गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	सोयाखोला २ नं कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	46.75	12,389
१५०	माईजोगमाई गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	मलुखोला सिस्ने सोमबारे सिंचाइ योजना	40.00	4,803
१५१	माईजोगमाई गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	बाङगे कैजाले हूँदै खमारे बेंसी सिंचाइ योजना	7.00	1,931
१५२	माईजोगमाई गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	सोयाङ खोला १ नं कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	35.00	9,300
१५३	माईजोगमाई गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	मलुखोला चौबिसे आमबोटे सिंचाइ योजना	10.00	2,264
१५४	रोङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	बगैंचा कटहरे तिलहरे सिंचाइ योजना (लिफ्ट)	20.00	5,300
१५५	रोङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	भुतेखोला कटहरे सिंचाइ योजना	7.00	1,855
१५६	रोङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	तिमाइ तितुङगे सिंचाइ योजना	10.00	2,650
१५७	रोङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	बिलन्दे सिंचाइ योजना	20.00	5,300
የዓረ	रोङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	सिरिसे टाङटिङ खोला पारी सिंचाइ योजना	6.00	1,590
१५९	रोङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	गोयाङ बागदले सिंचाइ योजना	9.00	2,385
१६०	रोङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	टिमाई ढोडेनी सिंचाइ योजना	5.00	1,325
१६१	रोङ गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	तल्लो पाखागाउँ सिंचाइ योजना	26.44	4,482
१६२	सन्दकपुर गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	नयाँ कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	40.38	10,701
१६३	सन्दकपुर गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	बाँदरे टारसिंह सिंचाइ योजना	13.05	3,458
१६४	सन्दकपुर गाउँपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	सानीमाई आलिङडाँडा चुक्डाल सिंचाइ योजना	13.00	3,445
१६५	सन्दकपुर गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	केराबारी लसुने बिचगाउँ सिंचाइ योजना	18.98	2,384

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१६६	सन्दकपुर गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	भोटेनी दह दाङगसे माईटार सिंचाइ योजना	28.60	3,282
१६७	सन्दकपुर गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	ओतामे सिंचाइ योजना	38.11	5,253
የ६८	सन्दकपुर गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	ठाडेखोला चुरेघाँटी सिंचाइ योजना	16.29	3,155
१६९	सन्दकपुर गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	चैते आलुबारी सिंचाइ योजना	23.72	3,319
१७०	सन्दकपुर गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	ढुङगा हान्ने सिंचाइ योजना	80.00	6,543
१७१	सन्दकपुर गाउँपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	भोटे खोल्सी सिंचाइ योजना	24.03	4,253
१७२	सूर्योदय नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	कालीखोला सिंचाइ योजना	9.42	2,496
१७३	सूर्योदय नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	श्रीखोला खत्री थरीगाउँ सिंचाइ योजना	10.05	2,663
१७४	सूर्योदय नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	केराबारी सिंचाइ योजना	19.52	5,173
१७५	सूर्योदय नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	सुदुङ मुहान आरिदाङटोल सिंचाइ योजना	13.60	3,604
१७६	सूर्योदय नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	सुन्दरबेशी सिंचाइ योजना	5.00	1,325
१७७	सूर्योदय नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	गुप्ती अम्बी खोला सिंचाइ योजना	8.59	2,276
१७८	सूर्योदय नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	अधेरी जिमीखाँद भुतेनी सिंचाइ योजना	53.10	5,927
१७९	सूर्योदय नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	कट्याङ खोला सिंचाइ योजना	50.00	2,863
१८०	देउमाई नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	शिरकट्टा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	23.05	6,108
१८१	देउमाई नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	फक्लुम्बा भलुबासे सिंचाइ योजना	15.75	4,174
१८२	देउमाई नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	दलित गाउँ दविथान चित्रे सिंचाइ योजना	19.30	5,115
१८३	देउमाई नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	फेन्देवा टारी बाङे दविथन सिंचाइ योजना	21.25	5,631
१८४	देउमाई नगरपालिका	इलाम	नयाँ	साप्जुङ सिङहलपा सिंचाइ योजना	53.00	14,045
१८५	देउमाई नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	देउमाई सिंचाइ योजना	95.00	7,953
१८६	देउमाई नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	घट्टे गोरेडाँडा सिंचाइ योजना	50.00	7,883
१८७	देउमाई नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	साप्जुङ पुङफुङ खोला सिंचाइ योजना	37.00	5,612
१८८	देउमाई नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	सुर्के खोला सिंचाइ योजना	50.00	7,238
१८९	देउमाई नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	घट्टेखोला सिसुवा सिंचाइ योजना	48.00	7,994
१९०	देउमाई नगरपालिका	इलाम	क्रमागत	ल्यावखोला मुहान वार्ड नं ६,७ बारुङ सिंचाइ योजना	50.00	5,403
१९१	फालेलुंग गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	कन्यादोभान ओगेम्बा सिंचाइ योजना	39.88	10,568

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१९२	फालेलुंग गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	मावेवा सिदिन सिंचाइ योजना	24.47	6,485
१९३	फालेलुंग गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	चेम्फुवा खोला गुरुडटार सिंचाइ योजना	50.86	13,478
१९४	फालेलुंग गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	सामिङवा बिच कुलो मुहान तिनघरे बाँसबोटे सिंचाइ योजना	20.85	5,525
१९५	फालेलुंग गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	पानावा गएले किक्नामधाप सिंचाइ योजना	16.48	4,367
१९६	फालेलुंग गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	छाग्रे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	36.62	9,704
१९७	फालेलुंग गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	सेवाखोला लुम्भाभिर अस्पतालडाँडा सिंचाइ योजना	45.00	11,925
१९८	फालेलुंग गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	स्यालधारा खोला सेपि सिंचाइ योजना	35.00	9,275
१९९	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	सारताप दोस्रो विकासे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	83.00	21,995
२००	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	आनेटार सिरान सिंचाइ योजना	7.50	1,988
२०१	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	लुङखुवा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	55.00	14,575
२०२	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	चुक्नाबे च्याप्लुङ सिंचाइ योजना	20.00	5,300
२०३	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	सत्यरुपा हाङसे सिंचाइ योजना	22.29	5,907
२०४	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	मसरे सिंचाइ योजना	16.95	4,492
२०५	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	पेवलिछे माथिल्लो सिंचाइ योजना	14.45	3,829
२०६	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	ठुलोकुलो सिंचाइ योजना	17.85	4,730
२०७	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	छोरुङगा मुछेबुङ सिंचाइ योजना	5.70	1,511
२०८	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	आगेङमा लापसिङगे सिंचाइ योजना	60.61	16,062
२०९	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	थोकुवा सिरान कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	64.00	16,960
२१०	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	जिउजिया सिंचाइ योजना	11.15	2,955
२११	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	स्याङबाखोला सिंचाइ योजना	6.45	1,709
२१२	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	सान्धाने सिरान सिंचाइ योजना	9.77	4,501
२१३	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	निर्बुङ खोला सिंचाइ योजना	9.63	2,943
२१४	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	फिक्चुखोला सिंचाइ योजना	15.61	4,978
२१५	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	थोक्वा पुच्छार सिंचाइ योजना	23.13	9,500
२१६	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	माडदेम्बा सिरान सिंचाइ योजना	12.75	3,121
२१७	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	कटहरे सिंचाइ योजना	7.65	2,709

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२१८	फाल्गुनन्द गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	नसुवा सिंचाइ योजना	52.38	7,310
२१९	फिदिम नगरपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	इथुङखोला घलेगाउँ तमाखे सिंचाइ योजना	77.52	20,543
२२०	फिदिम नगरपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	कालिखोला मेहेलबोटे खल्याङटार सिंचाइ योजना	30.84	8,173
२२१	फिदिम नगरपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	नाम्दु कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	45.00	8,698
२२२	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	नोवा थामथुमखोला दोभान कोक्लेबुङ घुमाउने सिंचाइ योजना	32.50	8,613
223	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	लिलुवा थामथुम खोला गुईम घुमाउने सिंचाइ योजना	39.19	10,385
રરષ્ટ	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	सराङ सल्लेरी नयाँ कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	60.66	16,075
२२५	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	मेवाखोला सिंचाइ योजना (खड्काको घरहँदै अर्जुन ढकालको घर जाने)	7.80	2,067
२२६	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	नयाँ आहालेनी देविथान सिंचाइ योजना	32.84	8,703
૨ ૨७	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	जौबारी खोल्सी सिंचाइ योजना (बि.क. टोल हुँदै गणेश लावतीको घर हुँदै तिर्थ माखिमको घरसम्म जाने)	37.66	9,980
२२८	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	घुमाउने दह सेजोम्बा सल्लेरी पुछार सिंचाइ योजना (खड्ग राईको घरसम्म जाने)	5.00	1,325
२२९	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	पथरबोटे सिंचाइ योजना	8.09	2,144
२३०	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	लसुने सिरान कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	38.27	10,142
२३१	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	पयेवा मञ्जरी सिंचाइ योजना	5.22	1,383
२३२	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	सत्रे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	28.70	7,606
233	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	बोरेकुलो सिंचाइ योजना	44.99	11,922
२३४	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	शेर्मा कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	59.75	15,834
२३५	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	लहरेबर सिंचाइ योजना	19.31	6,553
२३६	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	मिलमुनीबाट सदने जाने सिंचाइ योजना	12.07	3,825
236	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	भालेपोथी फेदी आउने सिंचाइ योजना	6.15	2,934
२३८	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	जोगीडाँडा झाँक्री कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	29.67	5,476
२३९	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	हाँसरी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	8.01	4,736
२४०	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	धुँवा खोला सिंचाइ योजना	70.55	7,794

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२४१	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	सालघारी सिंचाइ योजना	33.76	6,909
ર૪ર	मिक्लाजुङ गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	ठोट्ने कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	32.00	5,470
583	याङवरक गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	टुनीबोटे सिंचाइ योजना	30.06	7,966
ર૪૪	याङवरक गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	कडरीया सिंचाइ योजना	15.06	3,991
ર૪ઙ	याङवरक गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	खुङखोला सरकारी कुलो सिंचाइ योजना	50.86	13,478
ર૪૬	याङवरक गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	मेवाखोला साङखेन सिंचाइ योजना	61.04	16,176
२ ४७	याङवरक गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	सिवाखोला वारबुङ खोल्सा सिंचाइ योजना	37.95	10,057
२४८	याङवरक गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	नयाँ	भुजे तिनदोभाने सिंचाइ योजना	16.00	4,240
ર૪૬	याङवरक गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	सेलेजुङ सिंचाइ योजना	43.34	4,590
२५०	याङवरक गाउँपालिका	पाँचथर	क्रमागत	बिरुवाखोला बरबोटे ठिङगेपुर सिंचाइ योजना	61.00	4,256
२५१	ऐंसेलुखर्क गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	कालीखोला खुल्दु सिँचाइ कुलो	44.04	11,670
२५२	ऐंसेलुखर्क गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	सिस्नेरी कुलो काभ्रेखेत कुलो	5.72	1,514
243	ऐंसेलुखर्क गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	तिप्सिने कुलो काभ्रे ज्यामिरे डडाउने माझिटार धुलपूर कुलो	52.62	13,945
રક્ષ્ય	ऐंसेलुखर्क गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	रातो छयाङ्गा अधेरी कुलो	5.79	1,534
રુલ્લ	बराहपोखरी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	ठूलो रोक्रा खोला मुहान गरी वालाम्बुङ सिँचाई योजना	12.20	3,232
२५६	बराहपोखरी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	वराहखोला बाङ्गे खेत सिँचाइ योजना	5.34	1,414
२५७	बराहपोखरी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	धापखोलाबाट साजबोटेसम्म सिँचाइ योजना	5.23	1,386
२५८	बराहपोखरी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	तिनधारे खोला टोट्के बेताल सिँचाइ योजना	7.35	1,948
२५९	बराहपोखरी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	ओखेखोला भोर्लेनी सिँचाइ योजना	5.92	1,570
२६०	बराहपोखरी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	जुके खोला मूहान गरि खण्डपुर सिँचाई योजना	8.00	1,018
२६१	दिक्तेल रुपाकोट मझुवागढी नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	खुदुखु खोला हुँदै टारी खेत सम्म सिँचाइ योजना	14.53	3,850
२६२	दिक्तेल रुपाकोट मझुवागढी नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	बगुवा दोभान सिँचाइ योजना कादेल	15.25	4,041
२६३	दिक्तेल रुपाकोट मझुवागढी नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	सार्की खोला मुहान सिँचाइ कुलो	8.67	2,298

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રદ્દપ્ર	दिक्तेल रुपाकोट मझुवागढी नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	दम्दे चिप्ले डाँडा कुलो सिँचाइ योजना	7.12	1,887
२६५	दिक्तेल रुपाकोट मझुवागढी नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	मंकेश्वर कुलो निर्माण योजना	5.18	1,374
२६६	दिक्तेल रुपाकोट मझुवागढी नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	मान्केथान सिँचाई कुलो	7.41	1,963
२६७	दिक्तेल रुपाकोट मझुवागढी नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	लप्से चुच्चेढुङ्गा कुलो मर्मत	19.46	5,156
२६८	दिक्तेल रुपाकोट मझुवागढी नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	दिखुवा खोला सिमखर्क सिँचाइ कुलो खाम्खुवा	10.00	2,650
२६९	दिक्तेल रुपाकोट मझुवागढी नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	राजकुलो सामातुङ आहाले खेत सिँचाइ योजना	22.50	2,173
२७०	दिक्तेल रुपाकोट मझुवागढी नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	जलजले नमूना साना सिँचाइ योजना	14.00	948
२७१	दिक्तेल रुपाकोट मझुवागढी नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	डुढे खोला सिँचाइ योजना	12.00	1,352
२७२	दिक्तेल रुपाकोट मझुवागढी नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	सरुवा जरुङ्गे सिँचाइ योजना	15.00	3,161
२७३	दिप्रुंग चुइचुम्मा गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	समखोला मुहान दिलैचि सम्म सिचाइ योजना	32.94	8,730
२७४	दिप्रुंग चुइचुम्मा गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	टुकुरे खोला सिमलबोट सिचाइ योजना	14.94	3,959
२७५	दिप्रुंग चुइचुम्मा गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	खरुवा खोला मुहान भै साविक ७,५, ४,१,९ र ६ सिचाइ योजना	27.20	7,208
२७६	दिप्रुंग चुइचुम्मा गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	भालु खोला सिचाइ योजना	5.03	1,332
२७७	दिप्रुंग चुइचुम्मा गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	ओडारे जगनटार सिचाइ योजना	7.69	2,037
२७८	हलेसीतुवाचुंग नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	पाङग्रे खोला (हजारे) मुहान लिलिमा दियाले सिँचाइ योजना	11.92	3,158
२७९	हलेसीतुवाचुंग नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	आम्बोटे ठूलो खेत सिँचाइ योजना	5.27	1,398
२८०	हलेसीतुवाचुंग नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	सिम्ले खोला सिँचाइ योजना	5.05	1,338
२८१	हलेसीतुवाचुंग नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	भाडवेसी सिँचाइ योजना	5.24	1,389
२८२	हलेसीतुवाचुंग नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	बयाकु खोला सिँचाई योजना ।	3.20	436

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२८३	हलेसीतुवाचुंग नगरपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	पायम्मा लुब्रि खोला सिँचाई योजना ।	9.00	854
२८४	जन्तेढुंगा गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	रोनशुला खोला सिँचाइ कुलो निर्माण	13.26	3,513
२८५	जन्तेढुंगा गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	किवादान सिँचाइ कुलो मर्मत	5.09	1,349
२८६	जन्तेढुंगा गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	रिठ्ठे खोला बाब्रे खोला मुहान हुँदै सल्लेरी सम्म सिँचाइ योजना	5.42	1,437
२८७	जन्तेढुंगा गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	काभ्रे खोला मुहान सावा खोला भानुमति लामाखोला कुलो	8.64	2,289
२८८	जन्तेढुंगा गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	दुमाखोला गरी कुटीटार सम्म सिँचाइ योजना	8.70	2,307
२८९	जन्तेढुंगा गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	लिंगटिगं खोला सिँचाइ योजना	7.70	653
२९०	जन्तेढुंगा गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	लिकवा खोला सिँचाइ योजना	5.00	564
२९१	खोटेहांग गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	डिकेढुंगा हर्तुङछा सिँचाइ कुलो निर्माण	19.25	5,102
२९२	खोटेहांग गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	वापाखोला खड्के कुलो सिँचाइ	14.74	3,907
२९३	खोटेहांग गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	महाभिर कुलो मर्मत सिँचाइ योजना	5.17	1,370
ર९४	खोटेहांग गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	ढाडेखोला नौला साना सिँचाइ योजना	8.43	2,235
ર९५	खोटेहांग गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	रचेवा साङमाचाखा चिउरीवोटे सिँचाइ योजना	25.00	6,625
२९६	खोटेहांग गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	बामराङ खोला कुलो सिंचाई योजना	7.50	937
२९७	खोटेहांग गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	जुकेढाड कानेडाडा सिंचाई योजना	90.00	2,995
२९८	रावाबेसी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	दुवेखोला मुहान गरी दशमुरे सिचाइ योजना	7.05	1,868
२९९	रावाबेसी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	दुवेखोला मुहान भई राउटार सिँचाइ योजना	6.93	1,837
300	रावाबेसी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	दुवेखोला मुहान भइ कोले सिँचाइ योजना	5.67	1,501
308	रावाबेसी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	ज्यामिरे खोला मुहान गरी सिमल पाखा सिँचाइ योजना	13.76	3,648
३०२	रावाबेसी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	विजौरे खोला मुहान गरी चनौटे खेत सिँचाइ योजना	5.90	1,564
303	रावाबेसी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	खोटे खोला उर्लेनि सिचाई योजना ।	10.00	1,286
30X	रावाबेसी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	तारे भिर गिद्धे खोला फेदि सिँचाई योजना ।	35.00	1,375

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304	रावाबेसी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	लोचा खोला मुहान गरि खैरेनि सिचाँई योजना ।	7.60	929
308	केपिलासगढी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	लङखोला लम्सिखा कुलो सिचाइ योजना	21.21	5,621
306	केपिलासगढी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	हतेवा सुम्पेडाँडा सिचाइ योजना	12.91	3,422
30८	केपिलासगढी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	नोक्ति खोला तोमाने कुलो सिँचाइ योजना	5.03	1,333
३०९	केपिलासगढी गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	तापखोला छयाम्मा कुलो सिँचाइ योजना	5.02	1,331
3१०	साकेला गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	छागेखोला मुहान सिँचाइ योजना बाझे	25.28	6,699
388	साकेला गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	पेकुवा खोला सिँचाइ योजना	5.49	1,455
३१२	साकेला गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	हरप्पा साब्जु खोला सिँचाइ योजना डाडागाँउ	18.67	4,948
383	साकेला गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	नयाँ	सापदह सिँचाइ योजना पारुङ	10.08	2,671
388	साकेला गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	हुपापु खोला सिँचाइ योजना	17.00	2,373
384	साकेला गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	कुनाखर्क चेकेपा सिँचाइ योजना	20.00	947
388	साकेला गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	गार्गीदह राजकुलो सिँचाइ योजना	20.00	1,002
386	साकेला गाउँपालिका	खोटाङ	क्रमागत	वाडदुङ खोला पिडालुबारी सिँचाइ योजना	28.00	4,947
386	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	टुनिखोला कामीखेत सिंचाई योजना	6.14	1,627
3१९	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	टुनिखोला हुलाक खेत सिंचाई योजना	23.18	6,143
3 २०	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	उर्बेखोला गोगने भाडारे सिचाई योजना	36.50	9,673
328	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	झागर सुरमा सिचाई योजना	20.80	5,512
३२२	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	तल्लो दोलपु सिचाई योजना	20.70	5,486
323	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	दोलपु सिचाई योजना	14.00	3,710
358	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	सालिजबुक सिंचाई योजना	5.11	1,354
324	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	अधेरी नयाँ कुलो सिचाई योजना	15.58	4,129
३२६	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	उत्तीसेखोला दोभान सिस्नेखोला चुपलुवेसी सिचाई योजना	15.43	4,089

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3 26	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	सउराबोटे सिचाई योजना	8.50	2,253
३२८	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	टारली कुलो सिचाई योजना	6.54	816
३२९	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	देवीथान धारापानी सिचाई योजना	11.85	1,079
330	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	तीनघारे सिचाई योजना	5.07	690
33१	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	माथिल्लो धनमुडा सिचाई योजना	6.50	576
332	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	डाँडा कटेरी सिचाई योजना	7.00	506
333	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	अधेरी खोला कोलेवेसी सिचाई योजना	10.50	1,018
338	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	गहते रुम्तीखेत सिचाई योजना	5.00	588
334	सिद्धिचरण नगरपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	चारखु चाक्ले सिचाई योजना	5.50	534
338	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	भालुखोप डाँडाखर्क सिचाई योजना	8.22	2,178
336	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	खहरेखोला खुदुर्की मझुवा सिचाई योजना	27.00	7,155
336	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	साकालेखोला चीनटार सिचाई योजना	5.50	1,458
339	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	पोकाली झरना दमाई डाँडा झगारेबारी सिचाई योजना	32.95	8,732
380	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	टिमुरे खोलसी नयाँटार सिचाई योजना	7.33	1,942
388	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	जरुवा खोला सिचाई योजना	9.30	2,465
385	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	साकाले तल्लो चिउरीबोटे सिचाई योजना	7.70	2,041
383	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	मगरसेरा माझटार सिचाई योजना	5.64	1,495
388	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	घट्टेखोला मुहान चनौटे सिचाई योजना	5.60	1,484
384	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	सेतो पहिरो जामुनेटोल सिचाई योजना	7.91	682
388	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	डुडे खोला माटे वेसी सिचाई योजना	8.08	940
386	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	साकाले खोला मझुवा सिचाई योजना	5.66	326
386	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	डुडे खोला खुदुर्की सिचाई योजना	8.34	951
३ ४९	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	सेलेले बोलकाती सिचाई योजना	26.00	1,414

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340	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	पावर हाउस ओखले बेसी सिचाई योजना	9.50	1,095
348	लिखु गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	लेतीखोला पिपल डाँडा सिचाई योजना	19.00	1,885
342	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	सिम्लेखोला मझुवा सिचाई योजना	5.90	1,564
343	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	पुनखोला घाङसाङ सिचाई योजना	5.60	1,484
348	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	मालतीखोला डाँडा पारी बाहुन डाँडा सिचाई योजना	13.60	3,604
344	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	सिल्खु वेसी तल्लो मुहान भई जेठा बुढाको खेत सिचाई योजना	13.66	3,620
348	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	डुडे वेसी सिचाई योजना	10.29	2,727
340	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	धुसेनीटारी सिचाई योजना	10.20	2,703
34८	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	भदौरे कातिके सिचाई योजना	13.40	3,551
३ ५९	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	धोकखोला सिरुवानी सिचाई योजना	9.90	2,624
3६०	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	माकुवा खोला रातमाटे सिचाई योजना	5.80	1,537
3६१	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	पुनखोला धारापानी सिचाई योजना	5.60	1,484
३६२	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	फेदी खोला अराले सिचाई योजना	8.30	1,492
3६3	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	खानी खोला घर्ती गाउँ सिचाई योजना	25.00	5,079
368	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	खुदुर्की खोला भुमेस्थान सिचाई योजना	5.50	467
3६५	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	मुलखोला अलयादे सिचाई विसंखे सिचाई योजना	16.78	1,747
388	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	धोवी खोला जुके सिचाई योजना	8.50	846
3६७	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	ढाड सिचाई योजना	5.50	694
3६८	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	चीलाउने खोला सिचाई योजना	10.00	2,694
३६९	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	दुम्से खोला फुलबारी माझगाउँ सिचाई योजना	45.00	920
360	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	नयाँ कुलो सिचाई योजना	17.00	539
368	चम्पादेवी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	पातले खोला मुहान गरी मलायाघरी सिचाई योजना	20.00	578
3 62	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	घट्ट खेत मुहान मगर टोल सिचाई योजना	5.70	1,511
363	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	कातिके खोला मुहान मगर टोल सिचाई योजना	6.20	1,643

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308	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	पारा खोला मुहान महावीर सिचाई योजना	11.06	2,931
364	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	माटे खोला मुहान बलखु बेसी सिचाई योजना	6.60	1,749
308	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	परानचे सिचाई योजना	11.60	3,074
300	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	बलौटे खोला मुहान अम्बोटे सिचाई योजना	16.86	4,468
366	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	नरसिङ्ग मुहान ग्यालमो सिचाई योजना	5.50	1,458
३७ ९	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	खोल्मे भस्मे मुहान कान्ले सिचाई योजना	6.20	1,643
३८ ०	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	बान्द्रे दोभान मुहान गरी डाँडा गाउँ सिचाई योजना	20.86	5,528
3८१	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	सोलुङ खोला बैरागे सिचाई योजना	6.90	1,829
3 22	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	कुनाखेत तल्लो वाविया सिचाई योजना	7.39	693
3८3	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	माटे खोला पोलुङ सिचाई योजना	9.77	571
3 ८४	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	ठुलो खेत भुलकेटार सिचाई योजना	12.52	996
3८५	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	दिप्सीङ खोला साखे डडुवा सिचाई योजना	6.72	389
3/5	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	गौथली ढुंगा सिचाई योजना	26.00	1,770
3 ८७	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	दोभान पाहरे खोला सिचाई योजना	8.50	248
3८८	सुनकोशी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	लप्से भुमेस्थान सिचाई योजना	7.00	615
३८९	चिशंखुगढी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	सेरनाखोला टारी वेसी सिचाई योजना	11.00	2,915
390	चिशंखुगढी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	बिर्तीखोला बिकास सिचाई योजना	12.30	3,260
398	चिशंखुगढी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	बाङ्गेखोला पौवा ज्यामिरे सिचाई योजना	11.50	3,048
३९२	चिशंखुगढी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	बिर्तीखोला डिहिखेत सिचाई योजना	9.00	2,385
393	चिशंखुगढी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	खहरे खोला महाकाल बेसी सिचाई योजना	5.78	1,532
398	चिशंखुगढी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	दियाले खोला ढुंगाना गाउँ सिचाई योजना	6.60	1,749
399	चिशंखुगढी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	चाकले सिचाई योजना	15.91	1,053
३९६	चिशंखुगढी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	खहरे खोला सिचाई योजना	5.14	525
39७	चिशंखुगढी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	तल्लो चापाबोटे सिचाई योजना	5.75	1,577

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39८	चिशंखुगढी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	बाङगेखोला बान्द्रे सिचाई योजना	5.86	450
३९९	चिशंखुगढी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	बिर्ती खोला केराबारी सिचाई योजना	5.10	707
Roo	चिशंखुगढी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	बिर्ती खोला भारमे सिचाई योजना	5.30	325
४०१	चिशंखुगढी गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	बाङगे खोला धगेरे बाहुनटार सिचाई योजना	7.50	379
४०२	मानेभन्ज्याङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	कोलबोटे सिचाई योजना	9.60	2,544
803	मानेभन्ज्याङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	च्यामलाङ ढुस्का मासलो सिचाई योजना	6.20	1,643
४०४	मानेभन्ज्याङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	पिपाले सिचाई योजना	9.70	2,571
४०५	मानेभन्ज्याङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	भालुखोला सिचाई योजना	5.40	1,431
४०६	मानेभन्ज्याङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	पोलाम खेत सिचाई योजना	5.90	1,564
Хов	मानेभन्ज्याङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	धुसेनीखोला सिम्ले वेसी सिचाई योजना	7.70	2,041
४०८	मानेभन्ज्याङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	मसार बतासे सिचाई योजना	8.83	2,340
४०९	मानेभन्ज्याङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	सालघारी सिचाई योजना	6.50	1,463
४१०	मानेभन्ज्याङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	बान्चरी सिचाई योजना	5.13	1,017
866	मानेभन्ज्याङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	ठूलाखण्ड सिचाई योजना	8.19	493
४१२	मोलुङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	बुङकाती चिउरीबोटे सिचाई योजना	10.81	2,865
883	मोलुङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	गैरीखेत सिचाई योजना	5.98	1,585
888	मोलुङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	फर्सी गैरा सिम्ले चिलाउने सिचाई योजना	6.58	1,744
884	मोलुङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	डुडे सिम्लेखेत सिचाई योजना	9.72	2,576
४१६	मोलुङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	जालुम जुल्दीखा सिचाई योजना	7.60	2,014
४१७	मोलुङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	ककनी खोला मुहान दुम्से सिचाई योजना	6.98	1,850
४१८	मोलुङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	तल्लोटार दलित बस्ती सिचाई योजना	16.05	1,053
४१९	मोलुङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	गाउखोला कोलचौर दोभान सिचाई योजना	5.00	608

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४२०	मोलुङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	खाल्टे खोला फुयाल गाउँ घले डाँडा सिचाई योजना	7.00	1,013
४२१	मोलुङ गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	साईटार धगेरनी सिचाई योजना	8.50	1,437
४२२	खिजीदेम्वा गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	पेलुङखोला सान्चबारी सिचाई योजना	21.46	5,687
४२३	खिजीदेम्वा गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	नयाँ	माने खोला माझगाउँ सिचाई योजना	23.70	6,281
४२४	खिजीदेम्वा गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	पेलु खोला ठाडो वगर सिचाई योजना	5.74	308
४२५	खिजीदेम्वा गाउँपालिका	ओखलढुंगा	क्रमागत	सालपु कालीदह सिचाई योजना	6.60	399
४२६	त्रियुगा नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	कुन्ते खोला कुलो मर्मत तथा निर्माण	39.33	6,830
४२७	त्रियुगा नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	अँधेरी करकुसे सिचाई मर्मत छाम्लिंग	11.35	4,210
४२८	त्रियुगा नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	बेङ्ग् रि बटारे गैरा सिचाई कुलो मर्मत	7.82	1,814
४२९	त्रियुगा नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	सिद्रे तल्लो सिचाई कुलो मर्मत	11.05	3,602
830	त्रियुगा नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	सरस्वती खोला मुहान भई पुल पूर्व राजाबास सिचाई	25.00	4,291
838	त्रियुगा नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	सरस्वती खोला मुहान भै राजाबास तर्फ आउने कुलो	30.50	4,117
835	त्रियुगा नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	चुनियाँ गरधने कुलो मर्मत डाँडापारि टोल	5.50	1,131
833	रौतामाई गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	खारी वढतरी सिचाई योजना	7.12	2,130
838	रौतामाई गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	रसुवा ढुङ्गे टाहारी आमबोटे सिंचाई	10.35	2,750
834	रौतामाई गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	तिनमुरे कैदले हुदै सिसाबोटे सिंचाई	6.18	1,758
४३६	रौतामाई गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	राकुली सिम्ले ज्यामिरे सिचाई कुलो मर्मत योजना	6.09	1,830
836	रौतामाई गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	तल्लो बेसी फाट सिचाई योजना	6.77	2,034
ጸ३८	रौतामाई गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	छागाखोप कुलो सिचाई योजना	42.00	6,159
४३९	रौतामाई गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	खारी देबिथान सिंचाइ योजना	7.00	1,223
880	रौतामाई गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	कुमाई खोला चुहाबोटे सिस्नेरी	10.40	1,024
888	रौतामाई गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	कर्ने ल्होसे कुलो सिंचाइ	5.00	447
४४२	कटारी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	छीपी खोला गार्पा + गैरा खरिबोट सिंचाई	11.61	3,615
883	कटारी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	बिरुटार टारी कुलो योजना	6.63	2,668
888	कटारी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	माथिल्लो भतेरे कुलो योजना	6.59	2,944

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884	कटारी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	कालिखाडी बरमझिया सिचाई योजना बरमझिया	38.69	4,128
४४६	कटारी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	तल्लो बरमझिया फाँट सिंचाई योजना	18.50	3,345
ጸጸቦ	कटारी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	सानो सिंचाइ योजना बुढा बुढी पाटने	15.00	3,002
886	कटारी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	माथिल्लो सिम्ले कुलो हात्तीमारे	5.20	1,140
४४९	कटारी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	सिंगापुरे सिंचाइ कुलो	7.00	400
४५०	कटारी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	हडैया साना सिंचाई आयोजना हडैया	3.00	370
४५१	ताप्ली गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	कुबिन्डे खोला भैसेटार तल्लो छतिवने सिंचाई	7.90	3,332
४५२	ताप्ली गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	लाटी खोला मुहान सिचाई योजना खानीडाडा	5.87	2,014
४५३	ताप्ली गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	घारी खोला मूल कुलो सिचाई योजना	5.49	2,086
४५४	ताप्ली गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	टारि कुलो सिन्दुरेबेसी सिचाई योजना	5.32	2,443
४५५	ताप्ली गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	झाक्री दह मुहान ह्दै बर्ना खोला पुछार कुलो	3.00	200
४५६	ताप्ली गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	भित्रे कुलो मर्मत	1.00	150
४५७	चौदण्डीगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	भुवन कार्की सिचाई योजना तल्लो साझबोटे	9.50	2,989
४५८	चौदण्डीगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	मर्ले खोला पँधेरो खोल्सी मुहानबाट सिद्धेस्वरि स्कुल जाने बाटो सम्म सिचाई योजना	5.25	2,466
४५९	चौदण्डीगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	चालिसे सिचाई योजना गंगटे	50.00	10,447
४६०	चौदण्डीगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	सुन्दरी खोला सिचाई योजना	21.30	4,919
४६१	चौदण्डीगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	वाईतुङ्ग सिचाई योजना	7.85	3,781
४६२	चौदण्डीगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	सिराने कुलो सिचाई योजना	5.25	2,175
४६३	उदयपुरगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	तावा खोला सिमलखेत जरुवा कुलो	5.00	2,164
४६४	उदयपुरगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	माटे खोला मुहानगरि बिरौटा तल्लो सिचाई	5.00	2,754
४६५	उदयपुरगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	बडहरे खोला मुहान गरि पुजारिटार आउने कुलो मर्मत	6.80	3,783

क्र.सं.	पालिका	जिल्ला	नयाँ/क्रमा गत	योजनाको नाम	सिंचित क्षेत्रफल (हेक्टर)	आ.व. २०७९/८० मा विनियोजित रकम (रू हजारमा)
४६६	उदयपुरगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	धमिले खोला मुहान गरि तल्लो बाहुनिटार थापा किता आउने कुलो मर्मत	5.53	1,997
४६७	उदयपुरगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	अर्ने मुलकुलो सिचाई योजना	11.00	2,915
४६८	उदयपुरगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	ढुङ्गे खोला मुहान गरि सोली ढुंगा सिचाई	14.00	3,710
४६९	उदयपुरगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	पौवा खोला मुहान गरि फलाटे तल्लो क्लो सिंचाइ योजना	7.30	1,538
800	उदयपुरगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	धिमेले खोला मुहान गरि भदौरे सिंचाइ योजना	6.50	1,446
४७१	उदयपुरगढी नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	बैजनाथ चिदीदह मुहान गरि गैया सिंचाइ योजना	5.00	2,500
୪७२	बेलका नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	मुर्ति खोला सिंचाई मर्मत योजना	16.00	2,634
863	बेलका नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	कुलो बाज सिंचाई मर्मत योजना	80.00	11,871
ନନନ	बेलका नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	जसोदा खोला रामपुर मूल कुलो मर्मत सिंचाई	38.00	5,337
ନଜନ	बेलका नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	डाडागाउँ सिंचाई योजना	14.45	3,829
୪७६	बेलका नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	करमबोटे सिंचाई योजना	11.90	3,154
୪७७	बेलका नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	घोपा तरि सिंचाई योजना	11.90	3,154
୪७८	बेलका नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	मूल कुलो घुम्ने जहडा गिदेरी खोला मर्मत सिंचाई	36.00	3,244
४७९	बेलका नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	मखवारी सिंचाइ मर्मत	6.50	525
8८०	बेलका नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	पाताल सिंचाइ मर्मत योजना	6.90	693
४८१	बेलका नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	तिन खोप्रे कुलो सिंचाइ प्रणाली ज.उ.स	3.00	135
४८२	बेलका नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	बर्खे कुलो सिंचाइ योजना बगुन्द्रा खोला	8.00	505
823	बेलका नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	शिखरमाडी पुच्छार कुलो गिडेरी मर्मत सिंचाइ योजना	5.00	100
ጸ८ጸ	बेलका नगरपालिका	उदयपुर	क्रमागत	सालघारी रातापानी सिंचाइ मर्मत योजना	3.00	150
४८५	लिम्चुङ्गबुङ्ग गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	राकुला मार्से कृषक समूह सिंचाई	5.00	1,704
४८६	लिम्चुङ्गबुङ्ग गाउँपालिका	उदयपुर	नयाँ	प्याखोला बकाइने कर्कुसे कुलो	5.00	1,650
४८७	हतुवागढी गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	पिखुवा कुलो सिचाई	5.96	2,036

क्र.सं.	पालिका	जिल्ला	नयाँ/क्रमा गत	योजनाको नाम	सिंचित क्षेत्रफल (हेक्टर)	आ.व. २०७९/८० मा विनियोजित रकम (रू हजारमा)
866	हतुवागढी गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	कावा कार्तिके सिचाई	5.55	2,388
४८९	हतुवागढी गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	नावाला दोहोराङ्ग पित्लाम सिचाई	8.75	4,268
४९०	हतुवागढी गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	मकुवा खोला कार्कीडाडा धनलाखे सिचाई	5.22	2,552
४९१	हतुवागढी गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	कावा आठाको कुलो सिचाई	7.56	3,184
४९२	हतुवागढी गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	क्रमागत	मचुवा सिंचाइ	6.50	1,650
४९३	हतुवागढी गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	क्रमागत	फुकुवा खोला माङ्तेल कुलो सिंचाइ	10.00	1,876
४९४	आमचोक गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	सिचुवांग सिचाई योजना छोङ्खा	6.50	3,080
४९५	आमचोक गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	छावा खोला सिचाई योजना सेपिसाप्तांग	8.00	5,972
४९६	आमचोक गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	किनुवा सिचाई योजना	8.50	4,493
४९७	आमचोक गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	नयाँ	कावा खोला सिचाई योजना	26.00	5,407
४९८	आमचोक गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	क्रमागत	तोयम्पा सिंचाइ योजना	13.70	3,096
४९९	आमचोक गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	क्रमागत	लसुने खोला सिंचाइ योजना माझाखानी	8.50	1,939
५००	आमचोक गाउँपालिका	भोजपुर	क्रमागत	ठेसुवा खोला सिंचाइ योजना	17.00	3,265
	जम्मा				9587	2,068,274